

Troubleshoot Catalyst 9800 Wireless Controllers

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About me

- Sudha Katgeri
- Technical Leader, Cisco TAC
- Wireless CCIE (#45857)
- Being a mom is my superpower
- Wife-i



Agenda

- Hardware and Software Architecture
- Life of a Packet

- New Config Model
- Deployment Considerations

- GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard
- IOS-XE Tracing, Packet Capture & Packet Tracer

- Health and KPI Monitoring
- Conclusion

Chapters



Introduction

- Debugging process is different...
 - Simplified Object model
 - “Store and Process”
 - Always On
 - Trace on Failures
- Improvements in Serviceability
 - Traceability
- Large collaboration between TAC/BU/Customers



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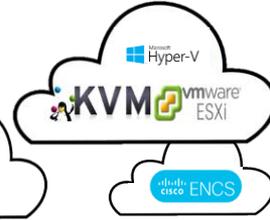
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Hardware Architecture

Catalyst 9800 Platforms

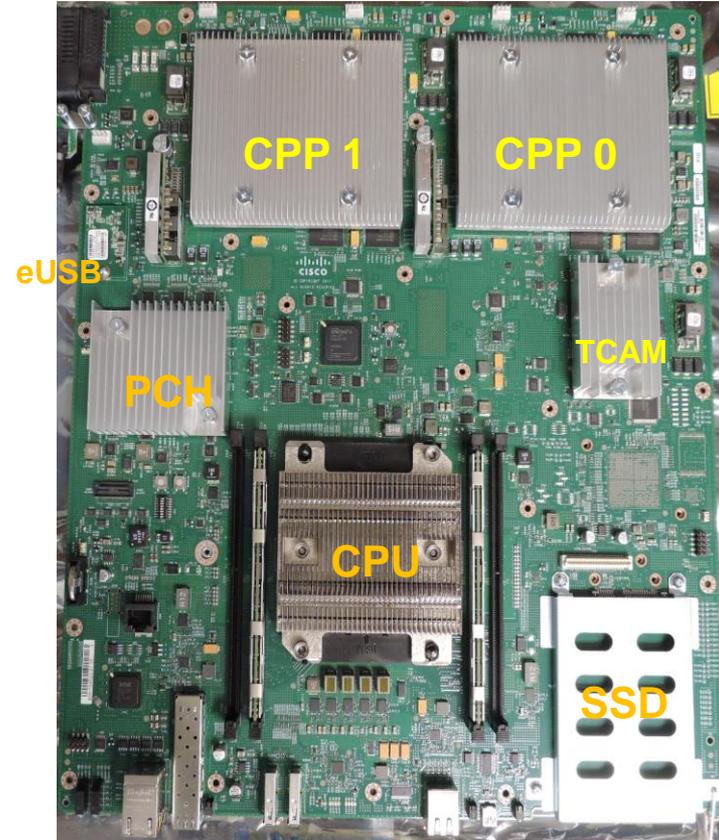


	Embedded Wireless Controller on Access Points (EWC-AP)	Embedded Wireless Controller on Catalyst 9k Switch (C9800-SW)	C9800-L	C9800-40	9800-80	9800-CL (public cloud)	9800-CL (private cloud)
Form Factor	Access Point Form Factor	Switch Form Factor (9300/9400/ 9500 only)	1 RU, ½ width chassis	1 RU appliance	2 RU appliance	AWS, GCP	KVM, Vmware ESXi, Hyper-V, Cisco NFVIS (on ENCS)
Max Supported APs	50/100*	200	250/500**	2,000	6,000	3,000	6,000
Max Supported Clients	1000/2000*	4000	5000/10000**	32,000	64,000	32,000	64,000
Deployment Modes	Flexconnect, Mesh	Fabric - SDAccess only (until 17.3) + Central (in 17.3)	Central, Flexconnect, Fabric, Mesh, Flex+bridge	Central, Flexconnect, Fabric, Mesh, Flex+bridge	Central, Flexconnect, Fabric, Mesh, Flex+bridge	Flexconnect only	Central, Flexconnect, Fabric, Mesh

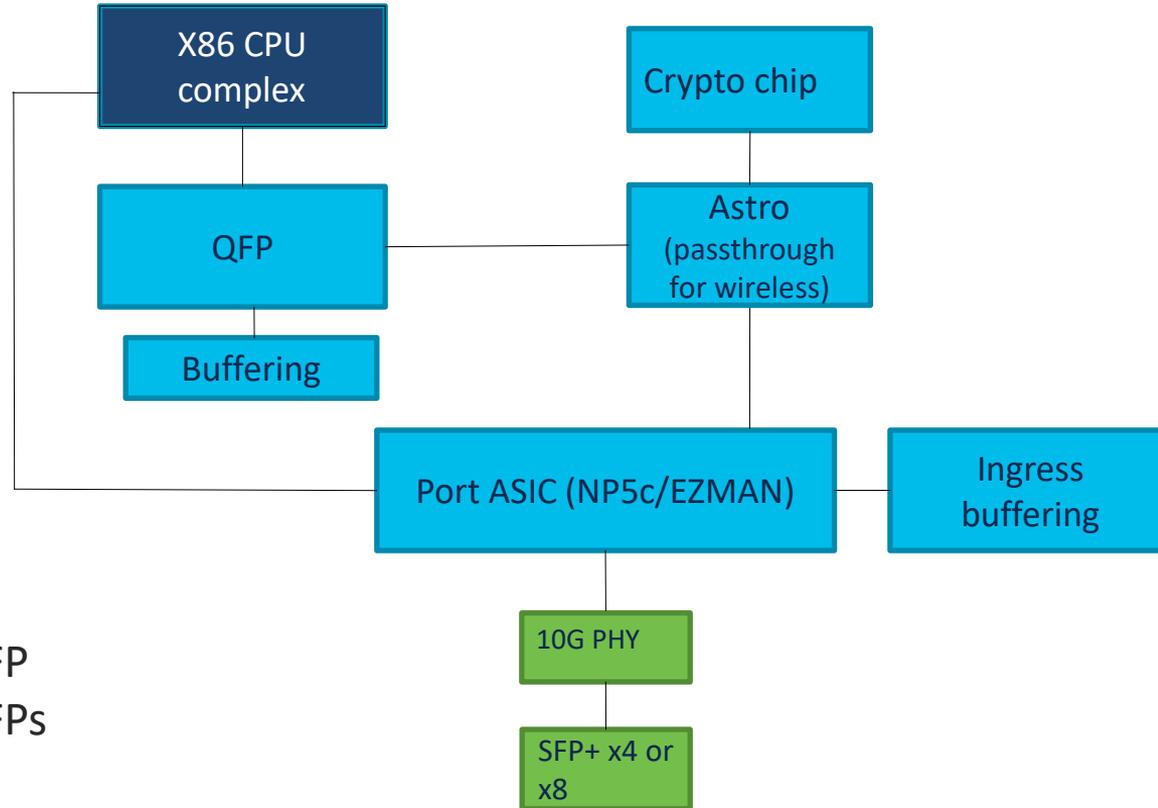
C9800: Cisco Packet Processor (CPP) Data Plane

	9800-40	9800-80	9800-CL
CPP	1 Quantum Flow Processor	2 Quantum Flow Processors (load balanced)	Virtual CPP
CPU	8 cores	12 cores	4/6/10 vCPU
Throughput	40 Gbps	100 Gbps	2.0 Gbps*
Certificate	Manufacturing Installed (MIC)	Manufacturing Installed (MIC)	Self-Signed (SSC)

*For traffic with large (1374 byte) packet size



C9800 Hardware – High Level Block Diagram

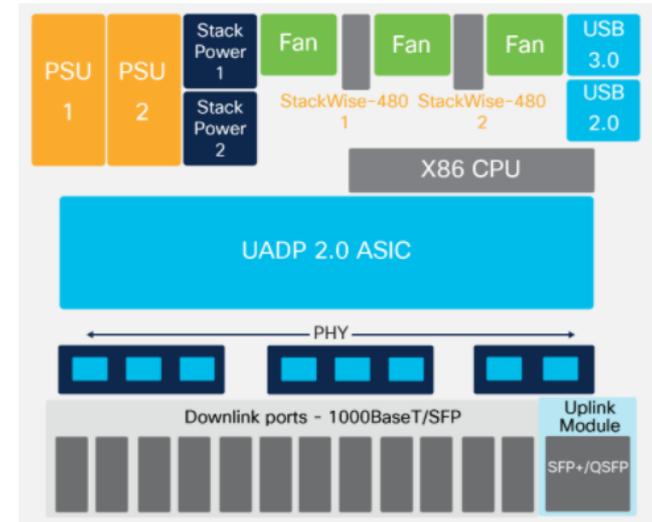


9800-40: 1 QFP
9800-80: 2 QFPs

C9800-SW – Forwarding Engine Driver (FED)/Doppler Data Plane

Outside the scope for this session

- Run on Catalyst 9k Series switches
- Software and Control plane same as CPP platforms
- Cisco Unified Access Data Plane (UADP)
 - Doppler ASIC
 - FED (Forwarding Engine Driver) programs the Doppler
- Controller and Switch accessible via same IP using same CLI and Web UI
- More details in DGTL-BRKARC-2035



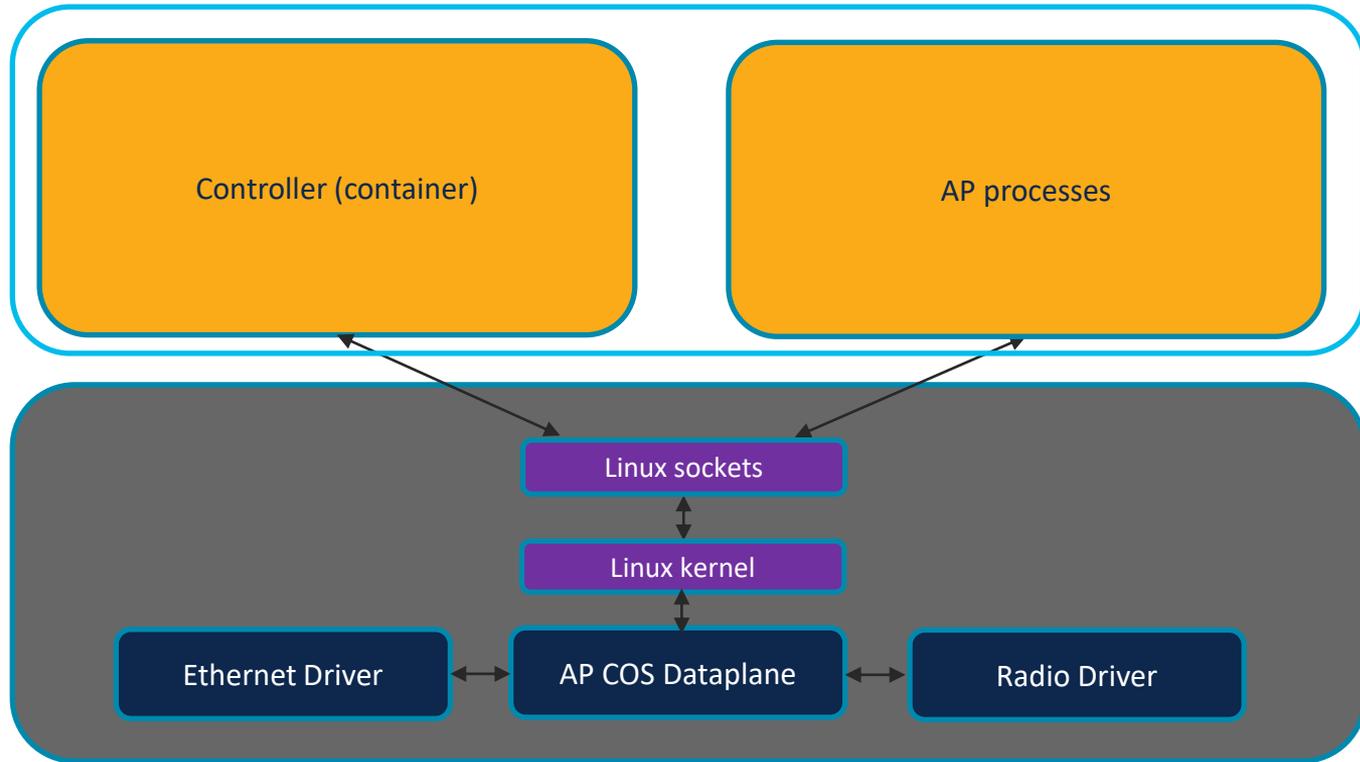
C9800-AP : Embedded Wireless Controller (on AP)

- Only supported on Catalyst 9100 series 11ax APs
 - 9115AX, 9117AX, 9120AX, 9130AX
- Sub-ordinate APs
 - Wave 2 ==18/28/38/4800; 1540/60
 - 11ax== 9115, 9117,9120,9130
- Flash
 - Part 1: AP Primary Image, EWC-AP Image, Config
 - Part 2: AP Backup Image, Logs, Cores, Traces, EWC-AP Image download



EWC architecture

9800 controller on 9100 series APs



For Your Reference

TAC Tech Tips – 9800 Appliances

- Includes field upgradeable components - run latest FPGA/ROMMON
- Uplink ports
 - Configure as trunks
 - Configure **#spanning-tree portfast trunk** on connected switchports
 - Use supported SFPs only – starting 16.12.3 & 17.1.1s, link will not come up, if using an unsupported SFP
- Gig1 Service port
 - belongs to Mgmt-Intf vrf by default
 - supports management access via http/https/ssh.
 - Not supported for Netconf telemetry

For Your Reference

TAC Tech Tips – 9800 Appliances

- Wireless Management Interface – use SVI not L3 port.
- Ships with Manufacturing Installed Certificate (MIC) which is used, **by default**, for AP join and mobility tunnel
- There is no need to generate a Self-Signed Certificate.
- Also, do **not** assign any trustpoint to wireless management interface.

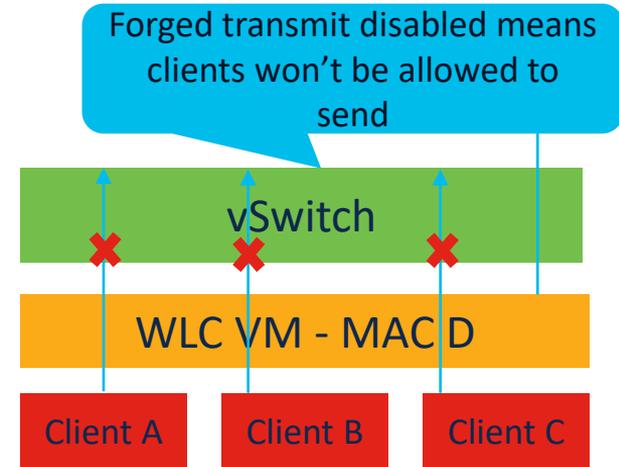
TAC Tech Tips – 9800 CL

- Consider the throughput limitation for local mode APs or centrally switched SSIDs
- If deploying on AWS, don't hope for too much RCA when going unreachable
- 9800-CL shows up with “GigabitEthernet” interfaces but you can set speed to 10000 if the VM NIC supports it
- Needs an SSC for APs to join. SSC can be generated 2 ways
 - Day 0 webUI wizard
 - `#wireless config vwlc-ssc key-size 2048 signature-algo sha256 password <yourpassword>`
- SSC generation makes use of hostname.

TAC Tech Tips – 9800 CL

- Forged transmits – Typically disabled for protection against MAC impersonation but needs to be enabled for C9800CL
- Promiscuous mode - has to be enabled on Vmware
- **Drawback** - All VMs in the same port group and handling the same VLANs will receive each other's traffic. Try to assign WLC VMs to different physical port or different VLANs

For Your Reference



TAC Tech Tips – 9800 CL

- Things to keep in mind
- Example of 9800CL on high CPU due to promiscuous mode

```
C9800#show proc cpu platform sorted
```

CPU utilization for five seconds: 15%, one minute: 15%, five minutes: 16%
Core 0: CPU utilization for five seconds: 3%, one minute: 3%, five minutes: 3%
Core 1: CPU utilization for five seconds: 4%, one minute: 3%, five minutes: 3%
Core 2: CPU utilization for five seconds: 25%, one minute: 18%, five minutes: 19%
Core 3: CPU utilization for five seconds: 29%, one minute: 39%, five minutes: 38%

Pid	PPid	5Sec	1Min	5Min	Status	Size	Name
27973	27436	61%	61%	63%	S	222236	ucode_pkt_PPE0
1030	15026	3%	3%	2%	R	1069784	linux_iosd-imag
321	2	3%	3%	3%	S	0	ksmd
30585	30281	0%	0%	0%	S	166852	cli_agent
30429	1	0%	0%	0%	S	2712	rotee
30345	29795	0%	0%	0%	S	241800	dbm
30281	14672	0%	0%	0%	S	4040	pman.sh
30029	1	0%	0%	0%	S	2640	rotee

TAC Tech Tips – 9800 CL

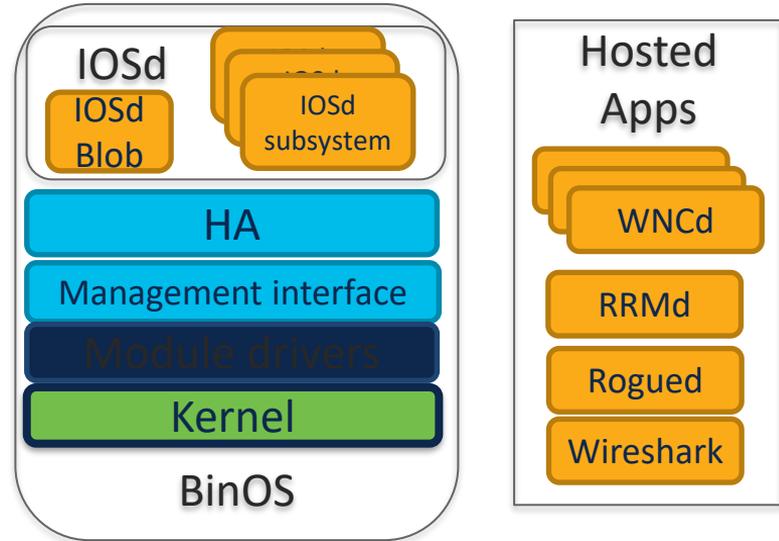
For Your Reference

- VMware ESXi 6.7 and later should have the capability to learn MAC addresses.
- HyperV (IOS-XE 17.1) does not require promiscuous mode
- While bootstrapping, configuring DHCP on Service/Management Interface creates default route off service port and can result in AP Join, client connectivity or traffic forwarding issues.
- Starting 17.3, 9800CL requires 16GB harddisk vs 8GB in previous releases. For existing 9800CL deployments, resizing does not work and 9800CL needs to be redeployed.

Software Architecture

IOS-XE

- Based on BinOS (linux + Cisco patches)
- IOS is now IOSd
- IOS-XE
 - 16.x train – 16.1.x to 16.12.x
 - 17.x train – 17.1.x to 17.3.1
- 16.1 – 16.9 supports switches & routers.
- First IOS-XE for 9800 : Gibraltar 16.10.1
- Since
 - Gibraltar 16.11, 16.12.x
 - Amsterdam 17.1.x, 17.2.x, 17.3.x



Compatibility

- AP Models Supported

11ac wave 1*	1700, 2700, 3700
11ac wave 2	1800, 2800, 3800, 4800, 1540, 1560, 1570
11ax **	9115, 9117, 9120, 9130
IOT APs***	IW3700, IW6300

**11ac wave 1 not supported on EWC-AP*

***Staggered release 9120AXI – 16.12.1; 9120AXE, 9130AXI – 16.12.2; 9130 AXE – 17.1*

***Only APs that can run controller code/EWC-AP*

**** Only supported starting 17.1*

- AP Modes Supported

- Local, FlexConnect, Monitor, Mesh*, Flex+Mesh*, Sensor, Sniffer

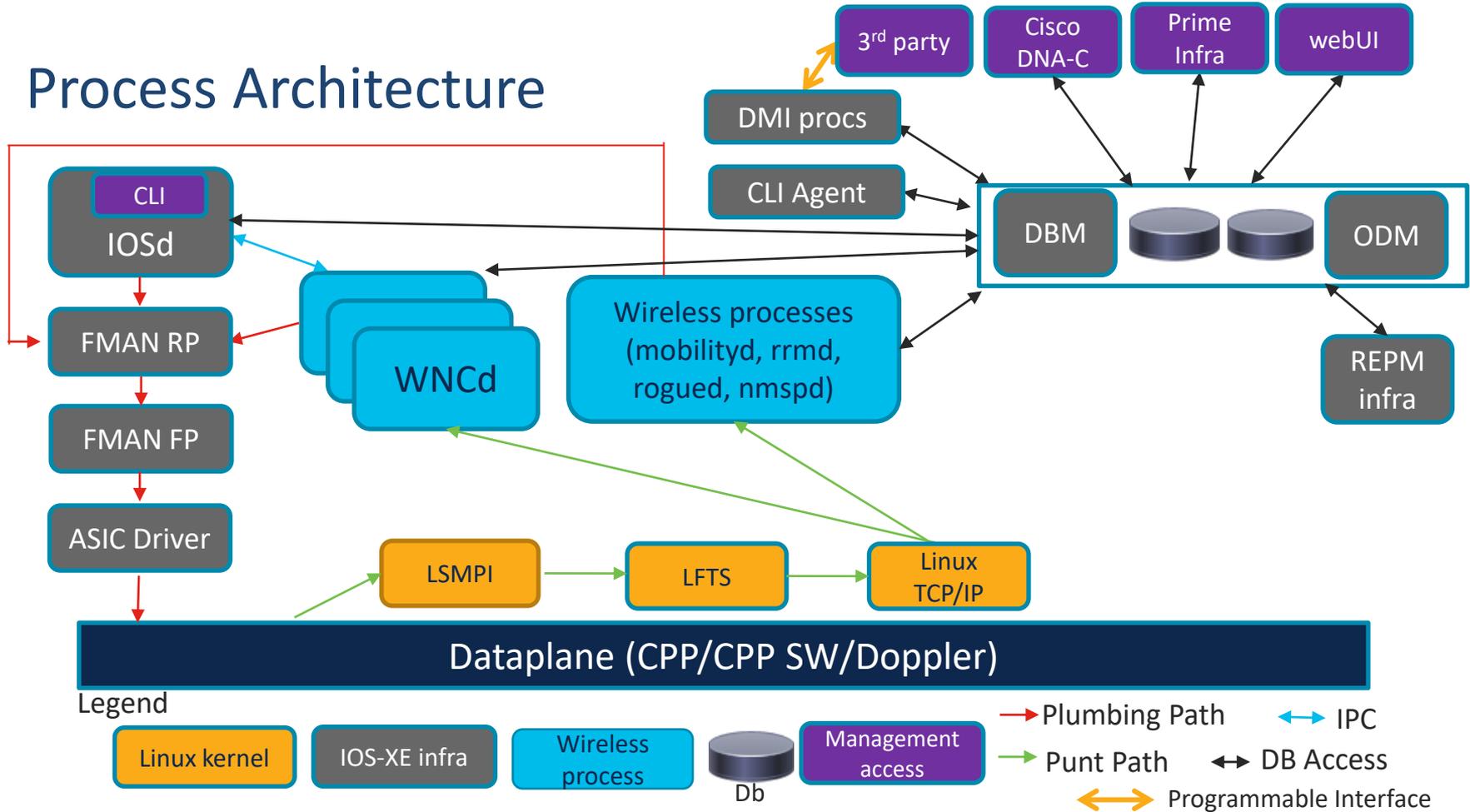
**Only on wave 1 and outdoor wave 2 APs on 16.x. On all APs starting 17.1*

Compatibility

- Follow the compatibility guideline strictly to ensure smooth deployment.
 - [Wireless Compatibility Matrix](#)
 - [SDA Compatibility Matrix](#) for SDA deployments

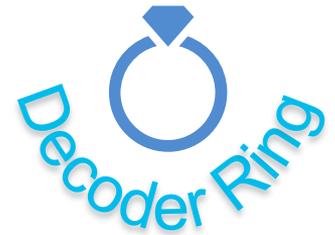
Ex: Prime Infrastructure to C9800 is 1:1 mapping with no backward compatibility.

Process Architecture

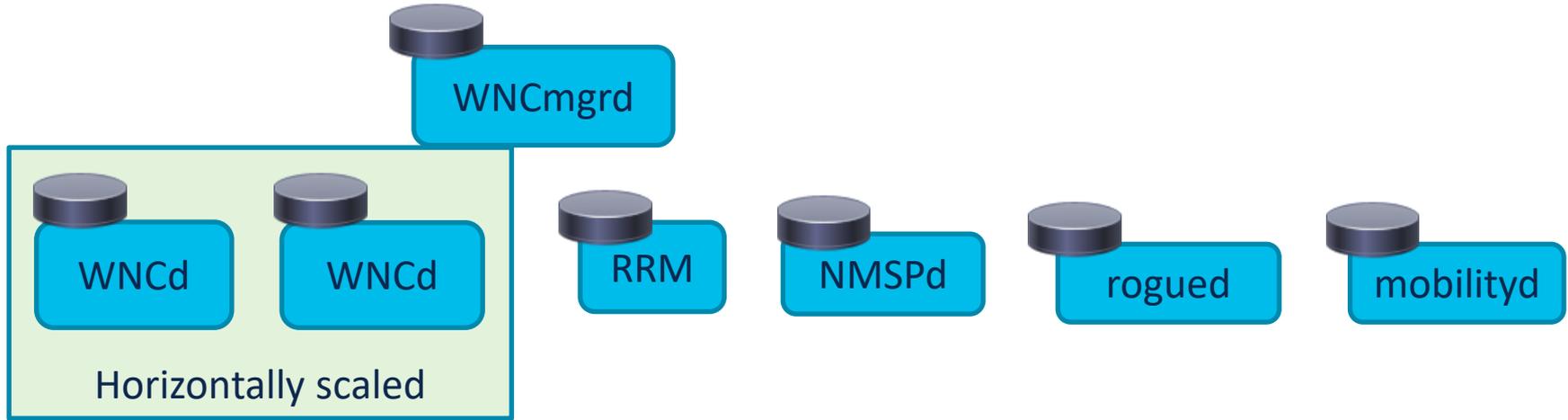


Acronyms

- LSMPI = Linux Shared memory Punt Interface
- LFTS = Linux Forwarding Transport Service
- FMAN = Forwarding Manager
 - FMAN-FP = forwarding processor (Data Plane/DP)
 - FMAN-RP = route processor (Control Plane/CP)
- IOSd = IOS daemon
- DBM = Database Manager
- ODM = Operational Data Manager
- REPM = Replication Manager



Horizontal Scaling WNCd



WNCd = Wireless Network Control Daemon

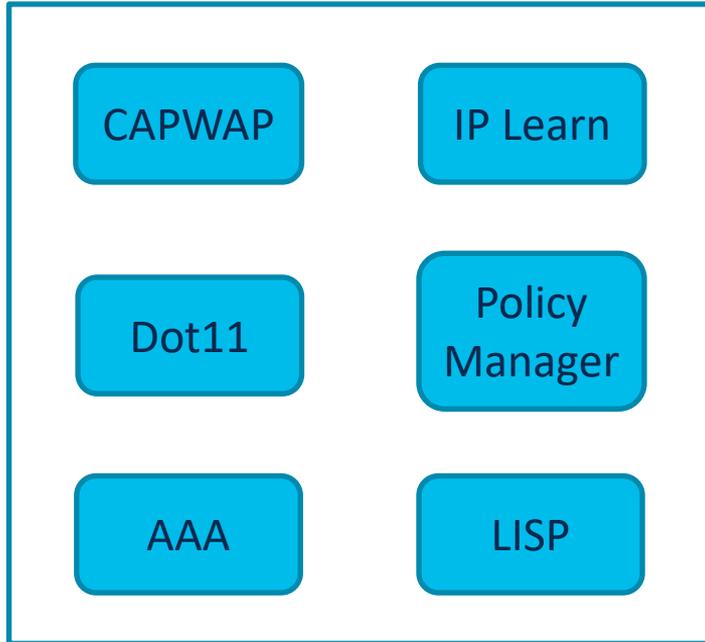
RRMd = Radio Resource Manager Daemon

Rogued = Rogue Daemon

NMSPd = NMSP Daemon

Mobilityd = Mobility Daemon

Wireless Network Control Daemon (WNCd)

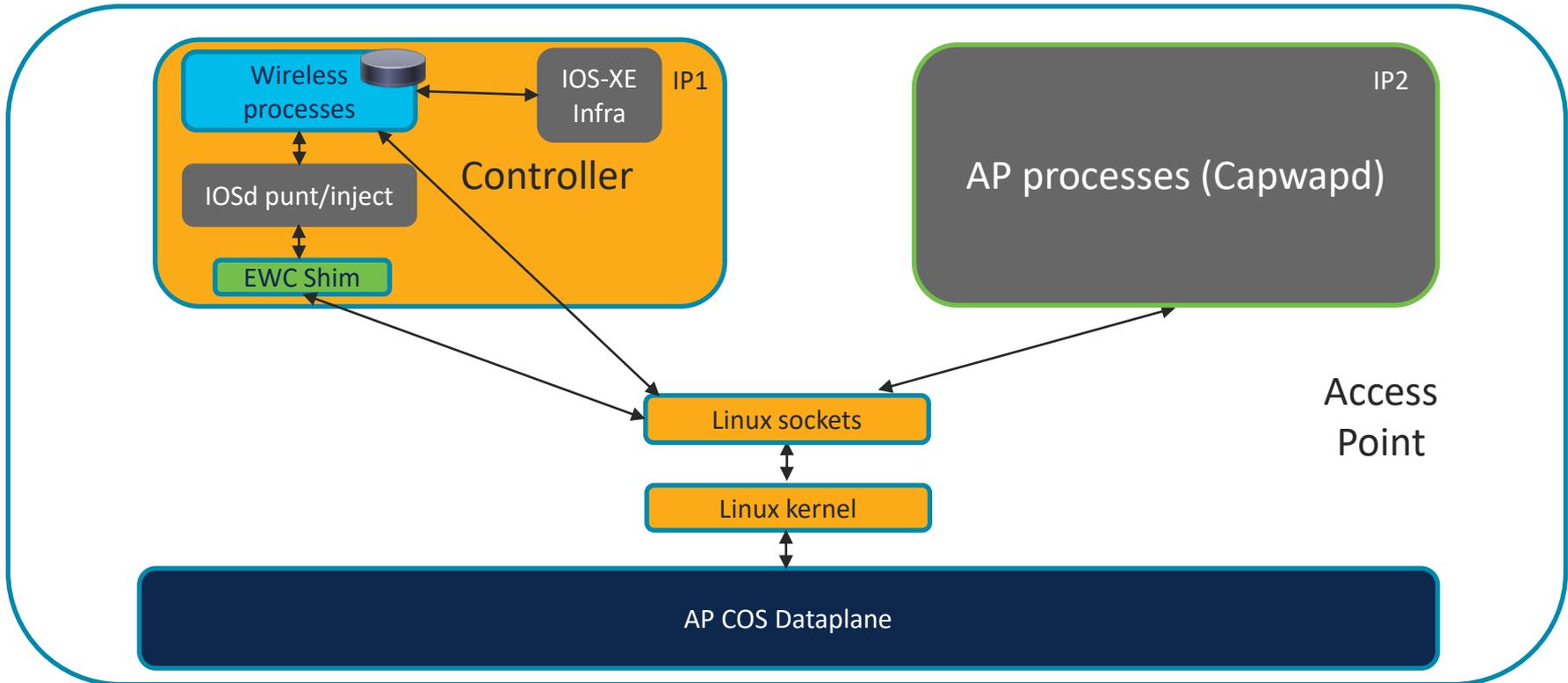


WNCd : controller process managing AP and client session

- Capwap : AP discovery
- Dot11 : Client dot11
- SANET/AAA: Client authentication
- EPM : Client policies
- SISF : client IP learning
- Client Orchestrator : Client State Transitions
- LISP-agent : L2 Lisp handling for Fabric deployment

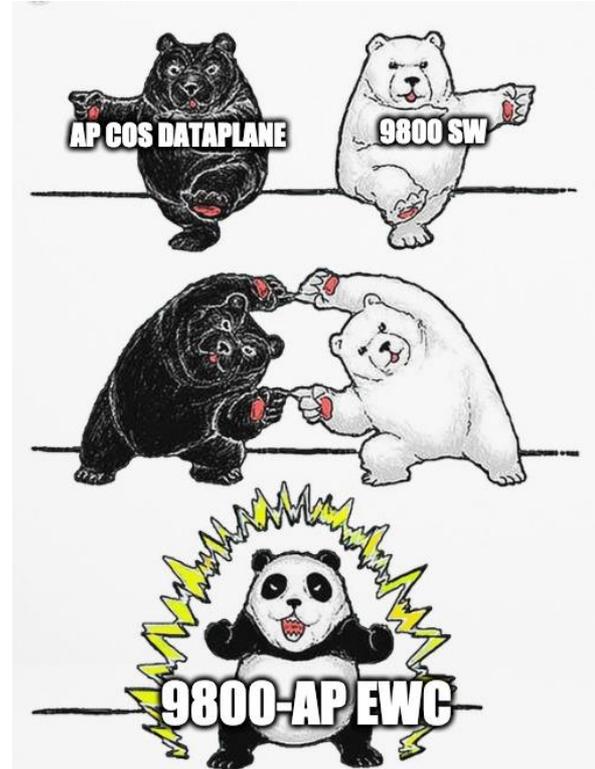
EWC architecture

9800 controller on 9100 series APs



C9800-AP : Embedded Wireless Controller (on AP)

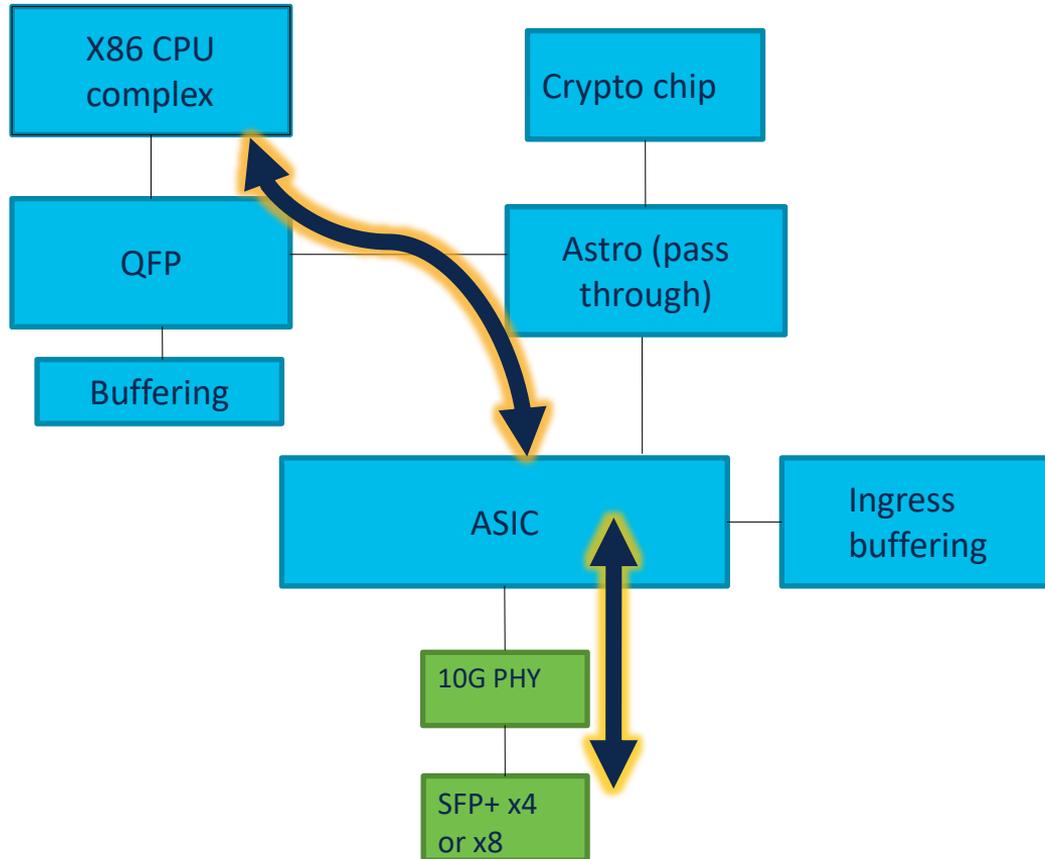
- AP runs linux based AP COS operating system
- Only one AP runs controller code
- Flexconnect only
- EWC software
 - Few processes than c9800
 - Single database
 - Dataplane (AP provides dataplane)



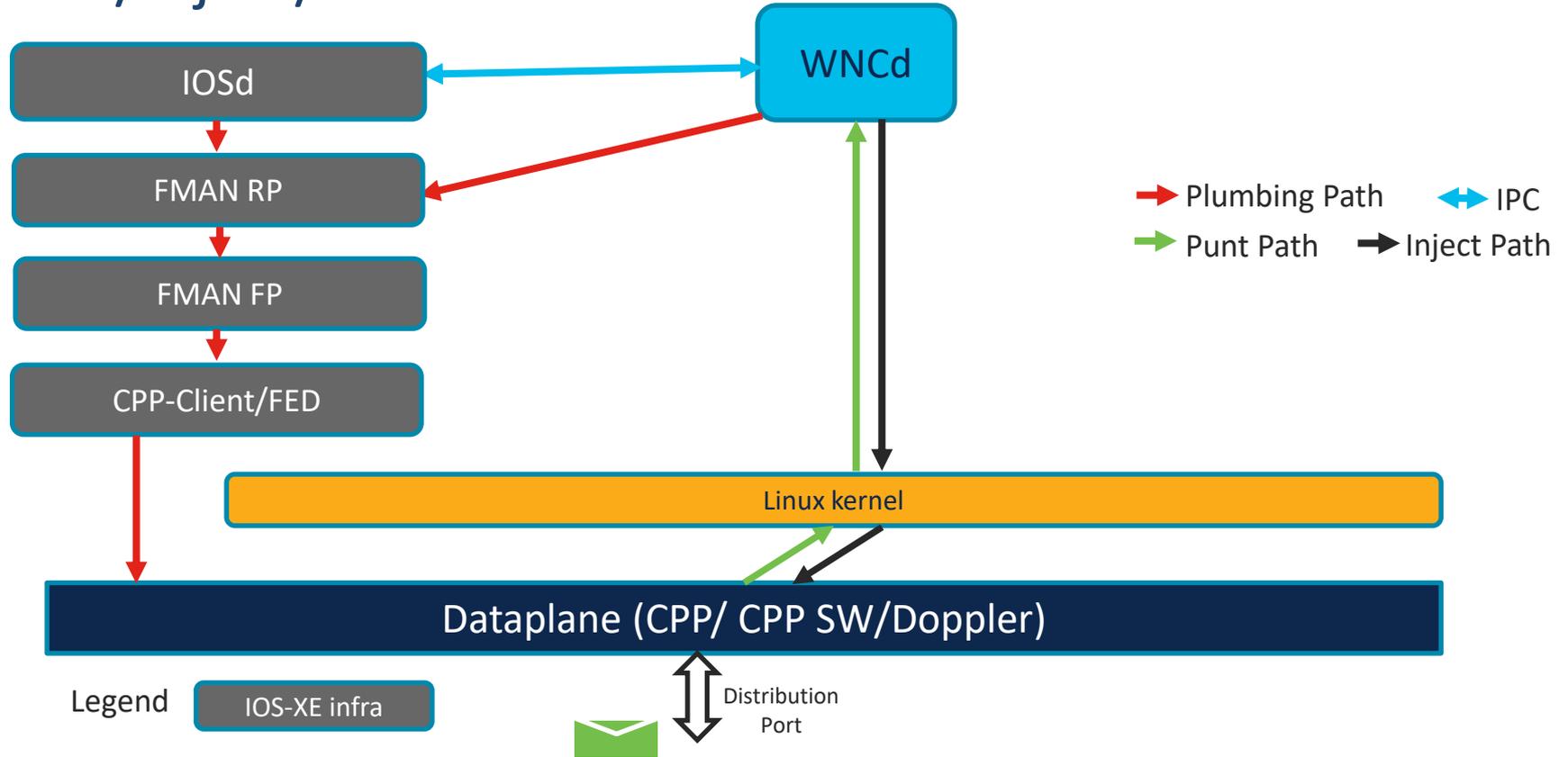


Life of a Packet

Life of a Packet : Control plane

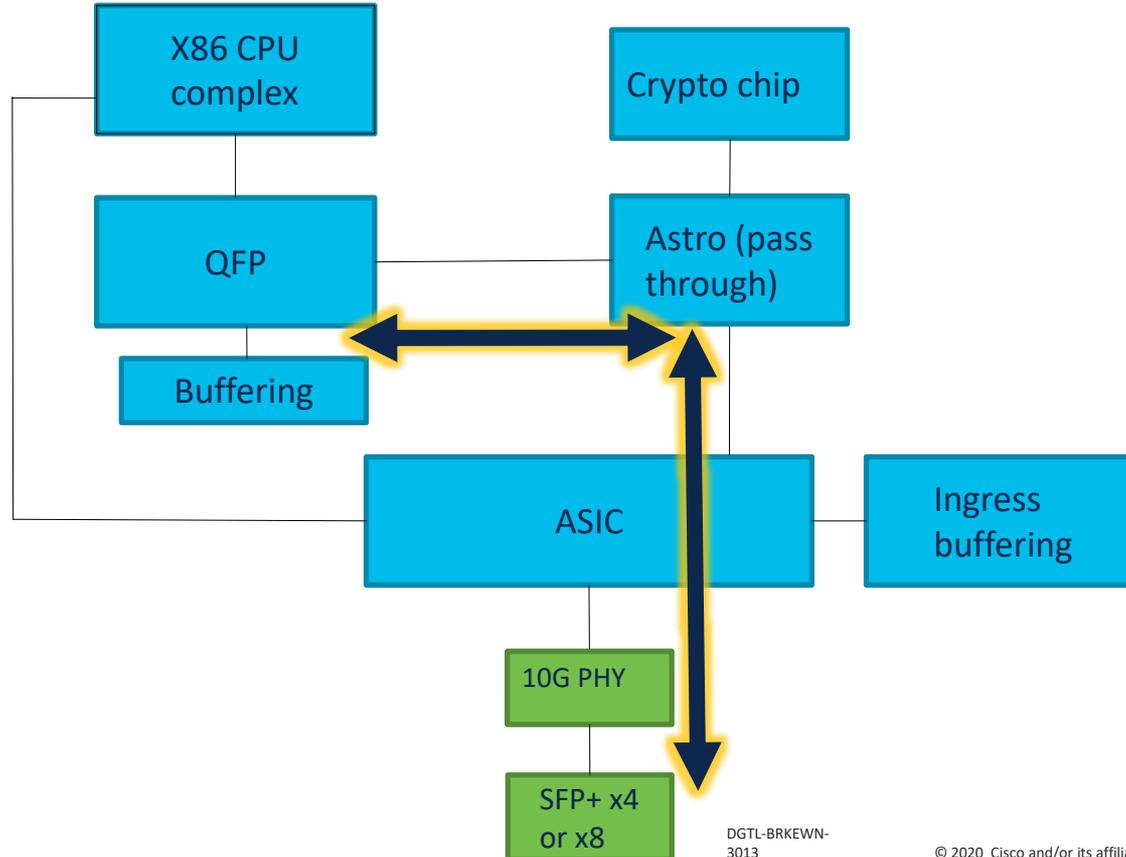


Punt/Inject/Plumb Path



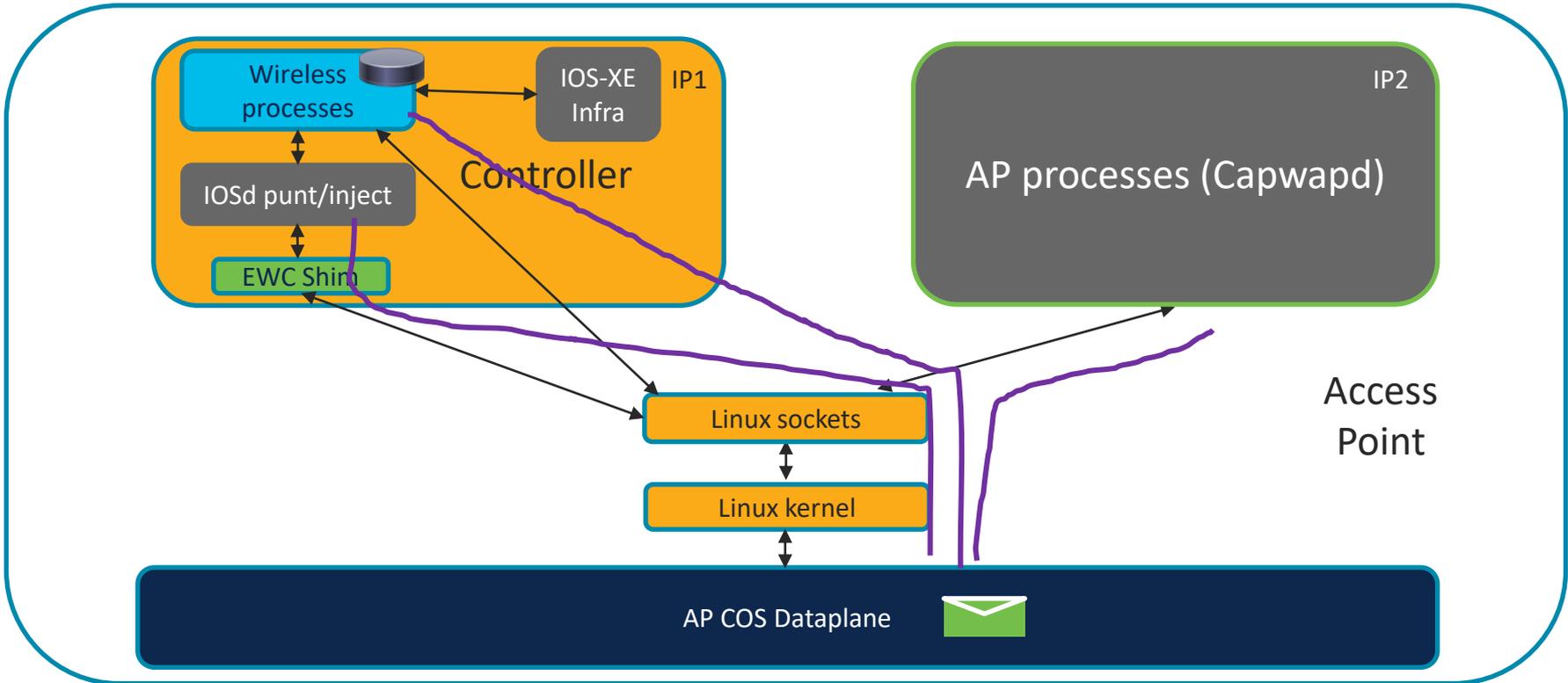
Life of a Packet : Data Plane

wireless client traffic



EWC architecture

9800 controller on 9100 series APs



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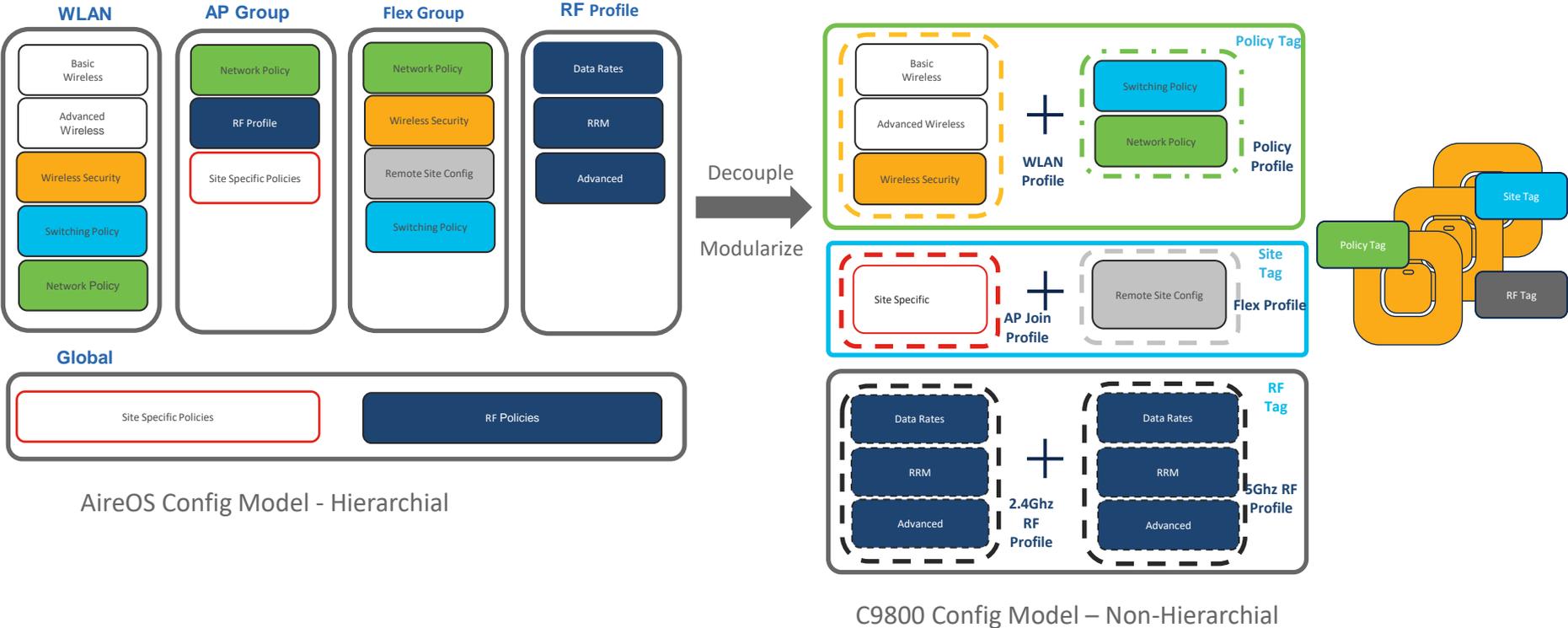
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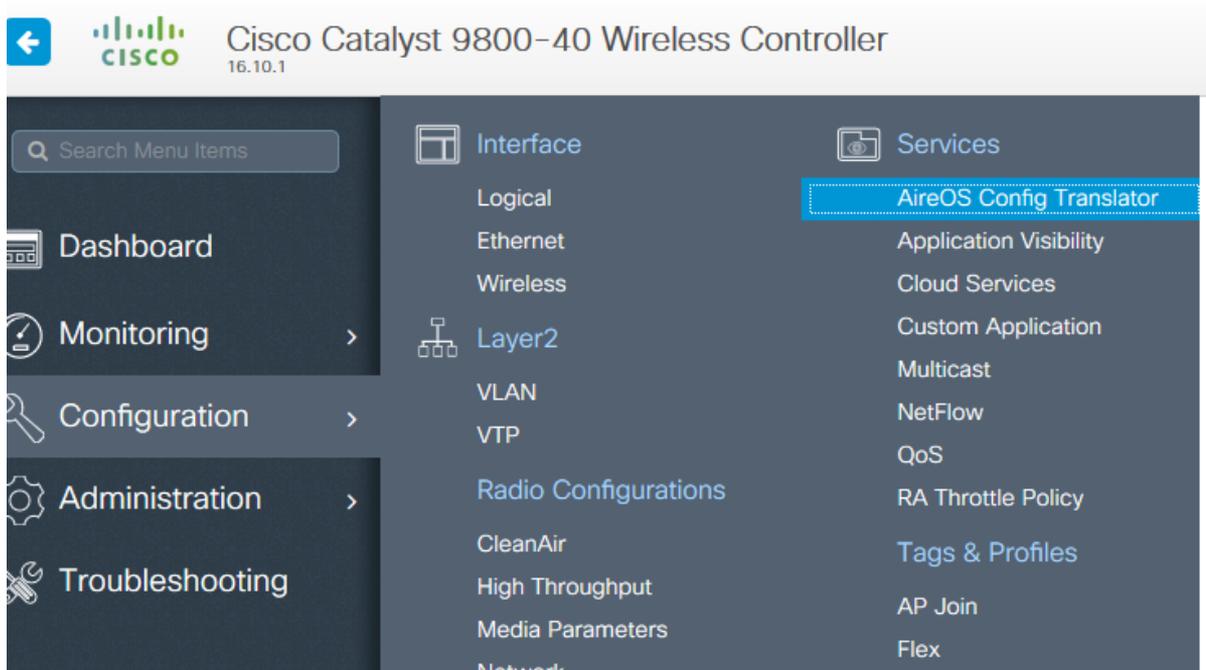
New Config Model

AireOS vs. Catalyst 9800 Config Model

Modularized and Reusable model with Logical decoupling of configuration entities



AireOS to 9800 Configuration Translator



Cloud Tool <https://cway.cisco.com/tools/WirelessConfigConverter/>

Wireless Setup Wizard

The screenshot displays the Cisco Catalyst 9800-CL Wireless Controller interface. The top navigation bar includes the Cisco logo, version 17.3.1, and a welcome message for user 'sudha'. A search bar for APs and clients is also present. The main dashboard area features several status cards: Wireless LANs (0), Access Points (0), Clients (Active: 0, Excluded: 0), Interferers (5 GHz: 0, 2.4 GHz: 0), and a Clients card (0). A 'Wireless Setup' dropdown menu is open, showing 'Select Type' with options for 'Basic' and 'Advanced'. Below the dashboard is an 'Overview' section for 'Access Points', which is currently empty, displaying 'No AP Join data available'.

Basic Wireless Setup – TAC Tech Tips

For Your Reference



Configuration > Wireless Setup > Basic

← Back

General Wireless Networks AP Provisioning

Location Name*

Description

Location Type Local Flex

Client Density Low Typical High

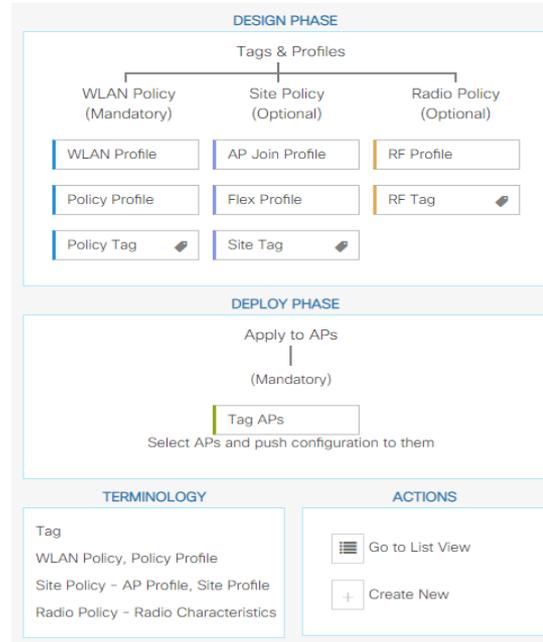
- This location is different than AP Location and serves as one of the tag sources for APs.
- Once any advanced configuration, not supported by Basic Wireless Setup, is done on the SSID/policy/RF profiles or corresponding tags; then Basic Setup wizard cannot be re-used to edit (Ex: To modify Location)

Advanced Wireless Setup -

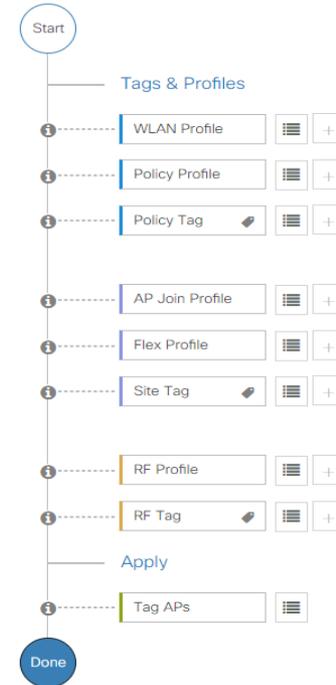
Configuration > Wireless Setup > Advanced

Wireless Setup Flow Overview

This screen allows you to design Wireless LAN Configuration. It involves creating Policies and Tags. Once the design is completed, they can be deployed to the Access Points right here.



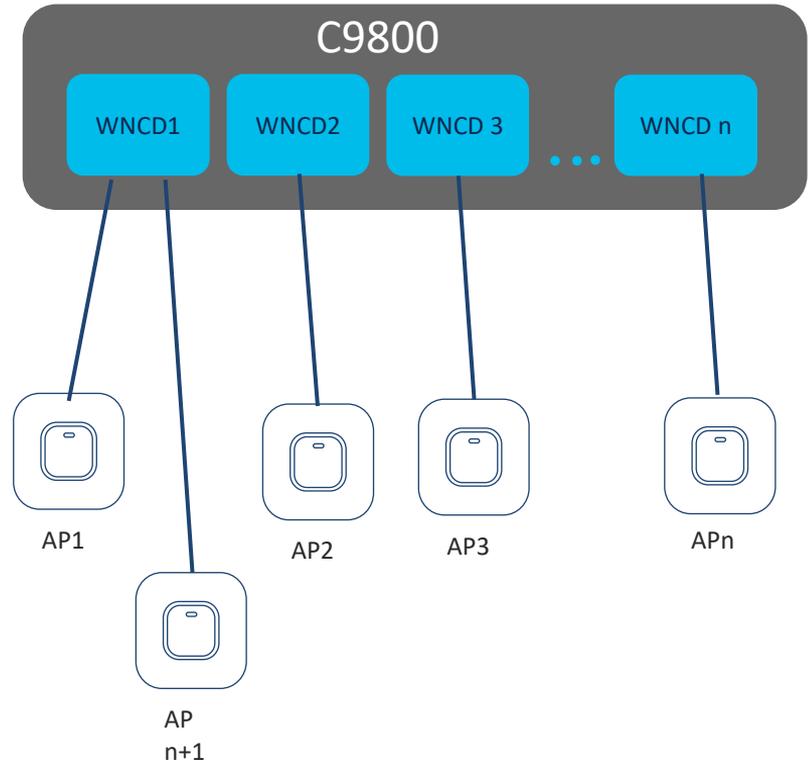
Start Now →



New Config Model – TAC Tech Tips

For Your Reference

- With no tag config on C9800, AP gets assigned default tags:
 - Default-policy-tag
 - Default-site-tag
 - Default-rf-tag
- APs get loadbalanced across WNCd instances
- **Con:** Proximity based features like 11k,11v,CHD are managed within each WNCd and will break if neighbors are on different WNCds

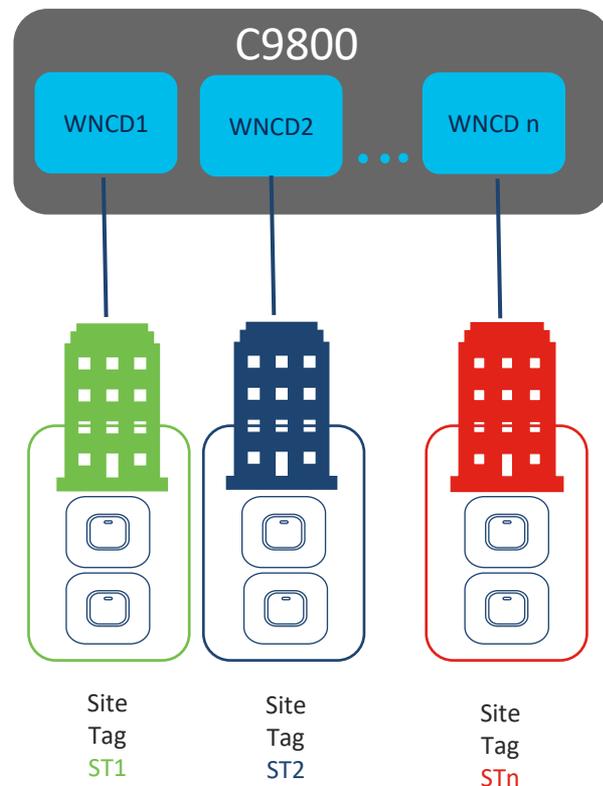


New Config Model – TAC Tech Tips

- Configure **custom site-tag**
- Assign site-tag based on roaming domain
- For flex, 100 APs per flex site tag
- For local mode AP

	Max APs allowed per site tag	Max APs recommended per site tag
9800-40	800	500
9800-80, 9800-CL (med/large)	1600	500

For Your Reference



Tag Sources and Priority– TAC Tech Tips

For Your Reference

- Tags are only active after they are applied to one or more APs.
- AP can have multiple tag sources
 - Static – user configured per AP mac
 - Location – Basic Setup Flow
 - Filter – regular expression matching on AP Name
 - AP – tags saved on AP
- These sources are in order of their priority

Statically applied tag is preferred over tags provided by basic setup which, in turn is preferred over filters

Priority	Tag Source	Status
0	Static	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1	Location	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	Filter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3	AP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Drag and Drop Tag Sources to change priorities

Revalidate Tag Sources on AP

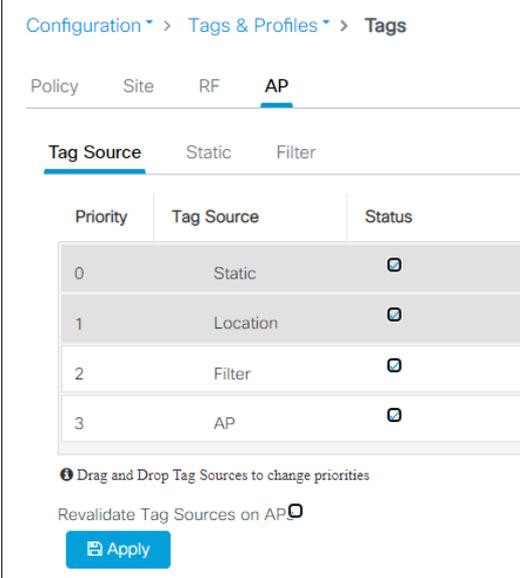
Apply

Tag Sources and Priority – TAC Tech Tips

For Your Reference

- When tags are applied, it does not get saved to the AP persistent memory, by design.
- So, when AP moves to another C9800(say WLC2), it will only inherit tags as per the configuration (static or location or filter) on WLC2 or end up with default tags.
- You can save tags configured to AP nvram: by running

#ap name <APNAME> write tag-config



The screenshot shows the Cisco configuration interface for Tag Sources. The breadcrumb path is Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Tags. The current view is for the AP tab, with sub-tabs for Tag Source, Static, and Filter. The Tag Source sub-tab is active, showing a table with columns for Priority, Tag Source, and Status. The table lists four entries: Priority 0 (Static), Priority 1 (Location), Priority 2 (Filter), and Priority 3 (AP). Below the table, there is a note: 'Drag and Drop Tag Sources to change priorities' and a checkbox for 'Revalidate Tag Sources on AP'. An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom.

Priority	Tag Source	Status
0	Static	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1	Location	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	Filter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3	AP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Drag and Drop Tag Sources to change priorities

Revalidate Tag Sources on AP

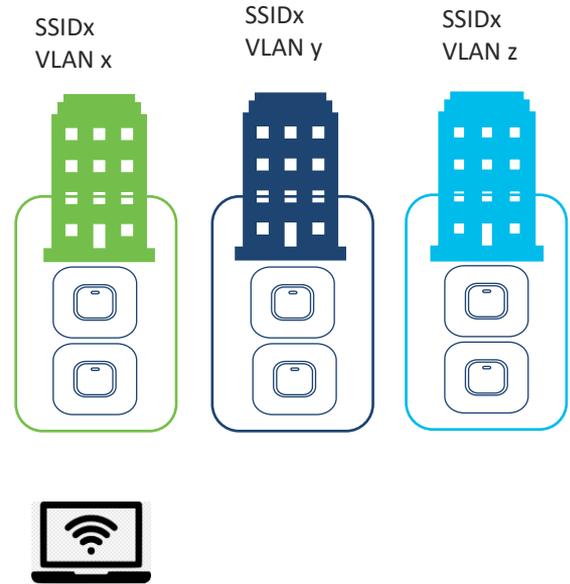
Apply

Roaming across Policy Profiles – TAC Tech Tips

- Vlan to which wireless clients belong, for a given SSID is defined on the policy profile. Policy tag is then used to map SSID/wlan profile to policy profile.
- On a large campus, multiple policy tags may be in use to map same SSID to different vlans.
- Until 17.3, roaming between APs tagged with different policy profiles was not supported.
- On 17.3, seamless roaming can be achieved by running global config command

wireless client-vlan persistent

For Your Reference



FlexConnect Design Philosophy – TAC Tech Tips

For Your Reference

- If VLAN ID defined under policy-profile
 - This vlan id dictates the client vlan for flex and no additional vlan mapping is needed under flex profile
 - Vlan id can be native or trunked vlan

Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Policy

Add Policy Profile

General **Access Policies** QOS and AVC Mobility

RADIUS Profiling

HTTP TLV Caching

DHCP TLV Caching

WLAN Local Profiling

Global State of Device Classification ⓘ

Local Subscriber Policy Name

VLAN

VLAN/VLAN Group

FlexConnect Design Philosophy – TAC Tech Tips

For Your Reference

- If VLAN Name defined under policy-profile
 - Requires **flex** profile to have name to id mapping
 - Same vlan name can be mapped to different ids per flex profile/site tag

The screenshot shows the 'Edit Policy Profile' interface with the 'Access Policies' tab selected. The 'VLAN' section is highlighted, and the 'VLAN/VLAN Group' dropdown menu is set to 'clus2020-clientvlan', which is circled in green.

General	Access Policies	QOS and AVC	Mobility
	RADIUS Profiling	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	HTTP TLV Caching	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	DHCP TLV Caching	<input type="checkbox"/>	
WLAN Local Profiling			
	Global State of Device Classification	Disabled ⓘ	
	Local Subscriber Policy Name	Search or Select ▼	
VLAN			
	VLAN/VLAN Group	clus2020-clientvlan ▼	

Except.....

Vlan 1 vs Vlan-name default (Local Mode) – TAC Tech Tips

For Your Reference

- On c9800, vlan-name default maps to vlan id 1
- If AP is in local mode and client vlan is set to *vlan id 1* under policy profile, client gets assigned to wireless management vlan (not vlan 1)
 - To assign to vlan 1, use vlan-name default under policy-profile

Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Edit Policy Profile

+ Add × Delete

Status	Policy Profile Name
✓	clus-flexpp
✓	default-policy-t

1 10

Edit Policy Profile

General **Access Policies** QoS and AVC Mobility

RADIUS Profiling

HTTP TLV Caching

DHCP TLV Caching

WLAN Local Profiling

Global State of Device Classification Disabled ⓘ

Local Subscriber Policy Name

VLAN

VLAN/VLAN Group

Vlan 1 vs Vlan-name default (Flex) – TAC Tech Tips

For Your Reference

- If AP is in flex mode,
 - if client vlan is set to vlan-id 1 under policy profile, client gets assigned to native vlan for flex AP
 - To assign to vlan 1, use vlan-name default on policy profile. Then map vlan-name default to vlan-id 1 under flex profile.

Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Edit Policy Profile

+ Add - Delete

Status	Policy Profile Name	RADIUS Profiling	HTTP TLV Caching	DHCP TLV Caching
<input type="checkbox"/>	clus-flexpp	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	default-policy-profile	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

WLAN Local Profiling

Global State of Device Classification: Disabled ⓘ

Local Subscriber Policy Name: Search or Select

VLAN

VLAN/VLAN Group: default

Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Flex > Edit Flex Profile

+ Add - Delete

VLAN Name	ID	ACL Name
default	1	

1 - 1 of 1 items

Flex Local Switching/Local Assoc

For Your Reference

- On AireOS, “Flexconnect Central Association” is a niche feature that requires explicit configuration
- On 9800, when policy profile is configured for flex local switching (disabling central switching and central DHCP), it does not automatically disable Central Assoc

WLAN Switching Policy

Central Switching	<input type="checkbox"/> DISABLED
Central Authentication	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ENABLED
Central DHCP	<input type="checkbox"/> DISABLED
Central Association	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ENABLED
Flex NAT/PAT	<input type="checkbox"/> DISABLED

Disable Central Assoc for flex policy

Overlapping ip on different Flexconnect sites

- Before 17.3, subnet re-use on different flexconnect sites did not work as 9800 would detect two device with same ip as IP Theft.
- On 17.3, concept of zone was implemented on mac-ip-port binding database to allow for same subnet to exist across different flexconnect sites.

AP tag binding – CLI Verification

9800# show ap tag summary

Number of APs: 1

AP Name	AP Mac	Site Tag Name	Policy Tag Name	RF Tag Name	Misconfigured	Tag Source

sudha-9115	7069.5a74.8224	sudha-stlocal	sudha-pt	sudha-rt	No	Static

AP Tag Binding – CLI Verification

9800cl-173-1#show ap name sudha-9115 tag detail

AP Name : sudha-9115
AP Mac : 7069.5a74.8224

Tag Type Tag Name

Policy Tag clus-policytag
RF Tag clus-rftag
Site Tag clus-sitetag

Policy tag mapping

WLAN Profile Name	Policy Name	VLAN	Flex Central Switching	IPv4 ACL	IPv6 ACL
clus-dot1x	clus-localpp	VLAN1104	ENABLED	Not Configured	Not Configured

Site tag mapping

Flex Profile : default-flex-profile
AP Profile : default-ap-profile
Local-site : Yes

RF tag mapping

5ghz RF Policy : Global Config
2.4ghz RF Policy : Global Config

New config model

Verifying applied configuration – Web UI

Configuration > Wireless > Access Points

▼ All Access Points

Number of AP(s): 1

AP Name	AP Model	Slots	Admin Status	IP Address	Base Radio MAC	AP Mode	Operation Status	Configuration Status	Policy Tag	Site Tag	RF Tag	Tag Source	Location
sudha-9115	C9115AXI-B	2	✓	10.99.189.156	502f.a876.2420	Local	Registered	Healthy	clus-policytag	clus-sitetag	clus-rftag	Static	Global/RCDN/RCDN5/Floor4

AP Operational Configuration Viewer

```
graph TD
    Root[sudha-9115] --> WLANs[WLANs and Policies  
clus-policytag]
    Root --> Site[Site properties  
clus-sitetag  
Local]
    Root --> RF[RF properties  
clus-rftag]
    WLANs --> WLAN[WLAN : clus-dot1x]
    WLAN --> Policy[Policy : clus-localpp]
    WLAN --> VLAN[VLAN ID :]
    WLAN --> Security[Security : WPA2]
    Site --> APJoin[AP Join : default-ap-profile]
    Site --> LED[LED State :]
    Site --> Rogue[Rogue Detection :]
    RF --> 5GHz[5 GHz Band : Global Config]
    RF --> 24GHz[2.4 GHz Band : Global Config]
```

Configuration Validation

- C9800 has an in-built config validation facility focused on validating profiles and tags configuration.
- You can trigger the config validation by running

wireless config validate

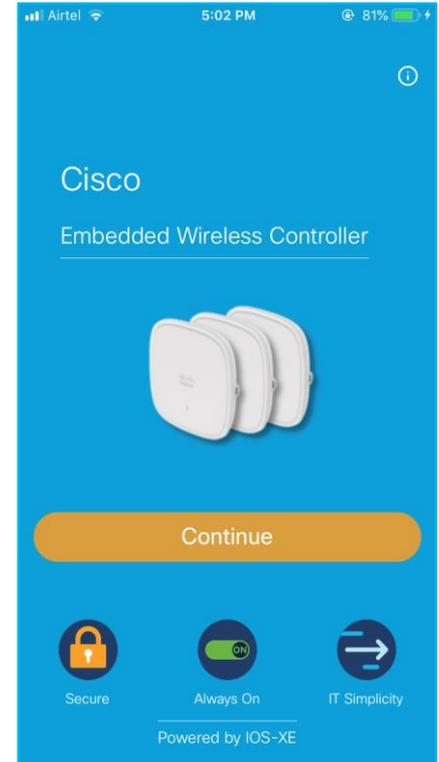
- This will generate a syslog informing of any failures

Aug 31 07:44:15.678: %CONFIG_VALIDATOR_MESSAGE-5-EWLC_GEN_ERR: Chassis 1 R0/0: wncmgrd: Error in Policy Tag: clus-policytag; Undefined Element: policy profile, "clus-localpp"

- Another tool to view and validate action profiles and tags is Wireless Config Analyzer Express

Deploying EWC-AP, there's an APP for that !

- Cisco recommends using the Cisco Catalyst Wireless Mobile Application for EWC deployments. The APP is brand new and quite simple to use.
- The mobile application provides the following key benefits:
 - Provision Cisco Embedded Wireless Controller with best practices enabled
 - Monitor real-time performance of the Cisco Embedded Wireless Controller network
 - Manage the Cisco Embedded Wireless Controller network





High Availability

High Availability – Prerequisites

- Platform details must match
 - Same HW model
 - For 9800-CL: Number of cores, memory, storage size
 - Image Version
 - Installation Mode (bundle vs install)
- A mismatch in any of the above results in HA failing to form with a Version Mismatch
- Also note, that VM snapshots are not supported in HA and could lead to failover or crash.

High Availability – V-Mismatch

- Pairing between boxes in Install Mode and Bundle mode returns Version Mismatch

```
%BOOT-3-BOOTTIME_INCOMPATIBLE_SW_DETECTED: R0/0: issu_stack: Incompatible software detected. Details: Active's super boot mode does not match with member's subpackage boot mode. Please boot switch 1 in super mode.
```

```
C9800-2#sh chassis
```

```
Chassis/Stack Mac Address : 00a3.8e23.a0e0 - Local Mac Address
```

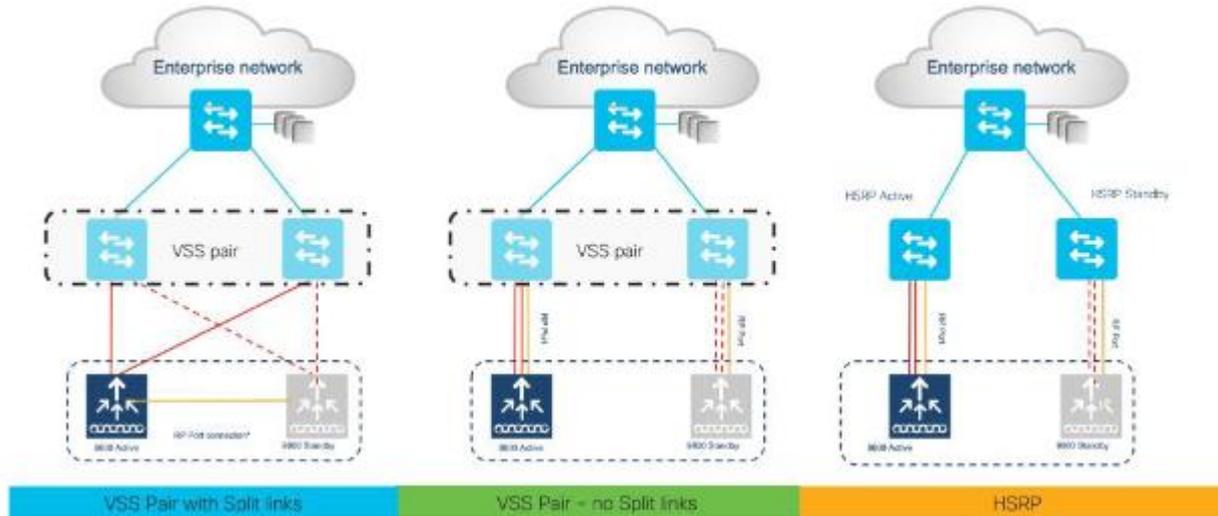
```
Mac persistency wait time: Indefinite
```

```
Local Redundancy Port Type: Twisted Pair
```

Chassis#	Role	Mac Address	Priority	H/W Version	Current State	IP
1	Member	00a3.8e23.a320	1	V02	V-Mismatch	192.168.1.171
*2	Active	00a3.8e23.a0e0	1	V02	Ready	192.168.1.172

High Availability Supported Deployments - 16.x

- On 16.x releases, there is no gateway reachability check



High Availability 16.x – Split Brain Recovery

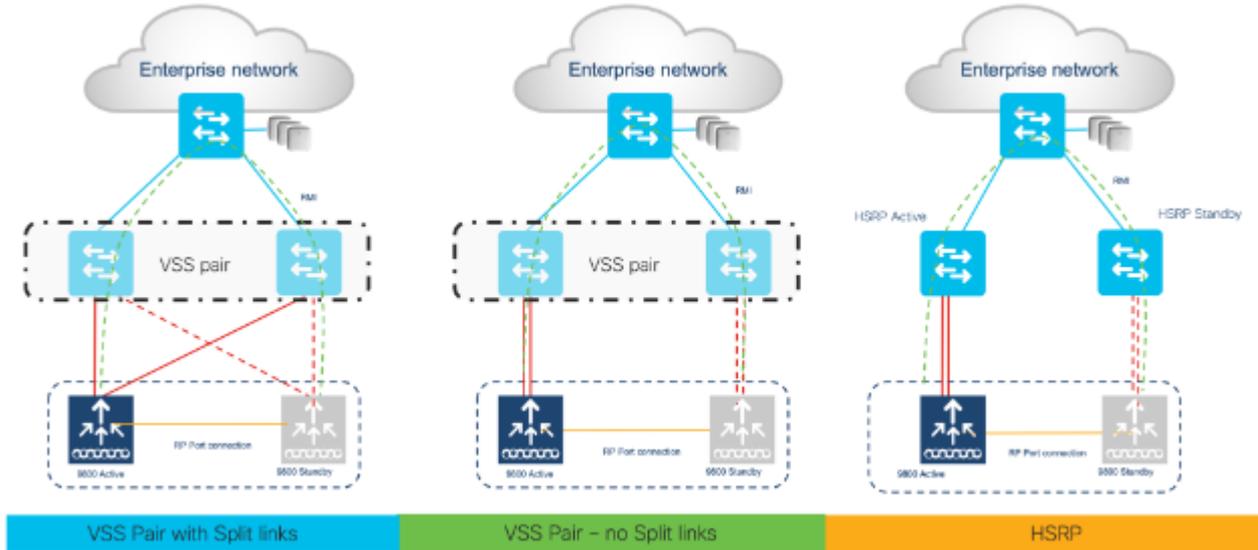
- If HA sync fails/Split Brain, to recover:
 - Re-ip the boxes to avoid duplicate
 - Regenerate certificates and keys post HA breakup
 - Bounce the http service to get GUI Access



High Availability 17.x Features Added

- Gateway reachability check
- Redundancy management interface
- LACP with HA
- Multi-Lag
- Standby Monitoring without going through Active (17.3)

High Availability supported Deployment – 17.x



High Availability

- General state of HA
 - # show chassis
 - # show chassis ha-status local
 - # show chassis ha-status active
 - # show chassis ha-status standby
 - # show redundancy
- Look back into HA
 - # show redundancy history
 - # show redundancy switchover history
 - # show redundancy states

High Availability

- Redundancy timers and counters

```
# show platform software stack-mgr chassis active R0 sdp-counters
```

```
# show platform software stack-mgr chassis active R0 peer-timeout
```

```
# show platform software stack-mgr chassis standby R0 sdp-counters
```

```
# show platform software stack-mgr chassis standby R0 peer-timeout
```

- Traces for redundancy

```
# show logging process stack_mgr internal to-file bootflash:<FILENAME.txt>
```



Mobility

CISCO *Live!*

Mobility Tunnel Bring-Up

- 9800 supports Secure DTLS Mobility
- Mobility Ports: UDP 16666, 16667
- For mixed deployment (AireOS and 9800), secure mobility needs to be enabled on AireOS side explicitly
- For C9800-CL, SSC hash key needs to be provided to AireOS WLC
- Data DTLS encryption, needs to be enabled or disabled on both ends
- 9800 has a max of 24 WLCs per mobility group, 72 in total

Mobility - Client Roaming

- Seamless roaming requires
 - WLAN Profile Name and SSID need to match
 - WLAN security settings
 - DHCP Required
 - Peer to Peer Blocking
 - 802.11i
 - Various L2/L3 security schemes

```
{wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-orch-sm] [30764]: (ERR): Security Policy Mismatch,  
Local: [ ], Remote: [ DHCP ]
```

```
{wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-orch-sm] [30764]: (ERR): MAC: aaaa.bbbb.cccc Handoff  
Deny: Security Policy Mismatch
```

AireOS to C9800 – Client Roaming

- For seamless roaming/Inter Release Controller Mobility (IRCM) support between AireOS WLC and C9800
 - Needs 8.8.111.0 or later on 3504, 5520,8540
 - Needs 8.5.164.0 on 5508, 8510
- Same client vlan on both AireOS and C9800 requires 17.3 on IOS-XE and special image on AireOS
- Roam between AireOS and C9800 is always L3 even if same vlan is defined on AireOS and C9800. Traffic is anchored over to WLC where client roams from.

Mobility

Troubleshooting

- Show tech wireless mobility
- Radio Active tracing using a WLC IP address
- Set platform software trace mobility (...) all-modules debug



Miscellaneous

Smart Licensing

- CSSM
 - Direct from c9800 or via proxy
 - Licenses shared between HA pair
- On-prem CSSM/Satellite server not supported until 17.3
- Use Smart License Reservation (SLR) where cloud CSSM cannot be used
- With SLR, license reserved per SN/chassis

[SLR deployment Guide](#)

Interfaces – TAC Tech Tips

- It is recommended to use bridging on c9800 for client traffic and avoid defining SVIs.
- Some features like mdns proxy require L3 interface
- If SVI is defined, some broadcast (directed broadcast in client subnet, L2 broadcast in client subnet etc) are sent out wireless management interface (WMI) as only WMI has a default route of the box.
- VRFs are not supported !

IP Learn – TAC Tech Tips

- If helper-address is configured on L3 SVI for client vlan, DHCP requests will be relayed sourced from client vlan SVI ip address but in wireless management vlan.
 - Firewalls and switches would fail Unicast Reverse Path forward check and drop the relayed packet
- DHCP proxy (in the wlan profile) has the same effect as ip helper.
- No DHCP snooping

Managing C9800 via Prime Infrastructure and DNACenter at same time

- This is supported as long as only one management station is responsible for configuring the box.
 - One mgmt. device will operate in read-write mode
 - Other mgmt. device will be read-only
- CLI, SNMP credentials need to be read-write and Netconf enabled to complete Inventory
- The burden is on network admin to only provision either via DNACenter or Prime Infrastructure and stick to it to prevent unexpected behavior.

Agenda

- Hardware and Software Architecture
- Life of a Packet

- New Config Model
- Deployment Considerations

- GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard
- IOS-XE Tracing, Packet Capture & Packet Tracer

- Health and KPI Monitoring
- Conclusion

Chapters

1

2

3

4

IOS-XE Tracing

IOS-XE Tracing/Debugging

- IOSd Logging
- Binary Tracing
- Always On Tracing
- Trace-on-Failure Summary
- Conditional Debugging/Radioactive Tracing
- Non-Conditional Debugging/Per Process Tracing

IOS-XE Tracing – BinOS Trace Levels

- **ERROR** level represent abnormal situations. We want to raise the user attention to these
- **WARNING** represent an incident that could potentially lead to an error (or not...)
- **NOTICE** is the default logging level for binos daemons. It captures significant events if they are normal working conditions. (client connect, failover)
- **INFO** contains details about state machines and the communication flow
- **DEBUG** contains traces needed to root cause failure conditions
- **VERBOSE** :
- **INTERNAL** is not a level but a flag on any log line when it is not meant to be understood by mere mortals but only by developers

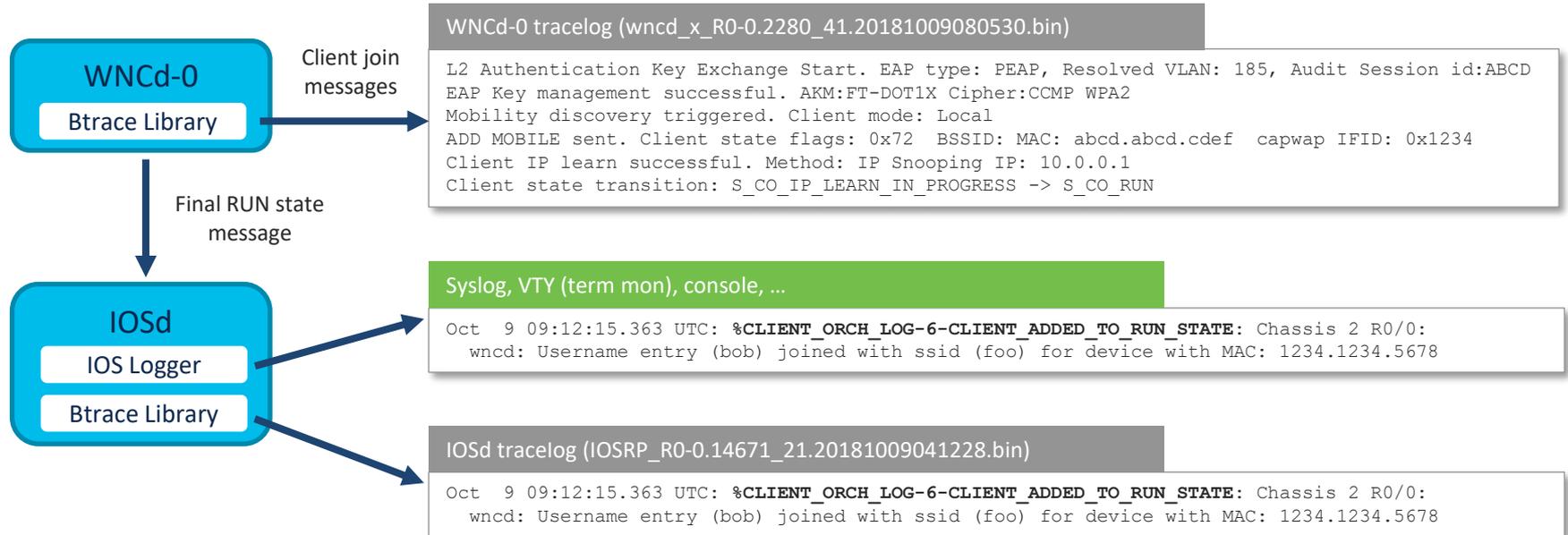


2-Critical
3-Error
4-Warning
5-Notice
6-Info
7-Debug
8-Verbose

Syslogs

IOS-XE Logging architecture

IOSd logging Vs btrace



GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard

Q Search Menu Items

- Dashboard
- Monitoring >
- Configuration >
- Administration >
- Licensing
- Troubleshooting**

Troubleshooting



Logs

Manage Syslog, Webserver Log, License Log



Packet Capture

Capture packets with different filter options to feed into Wireshark for debugging



Radioactive Trace

Collect conditional trace logs using MAC address of a Client, AP etc.



Core Dump and System Report

View the list of core files and System Reports captured in the device



Ping and Trace Route

Check Ping-ability and Trace route info of a target destination through different sources



Debug Bundle

Capture require info like CLI outputs, logs as a single bundle for error reporting and debugging



AP Packet Capture

AP Packet Capture for troubleshooting wireless clients

Syslogs - GUI

- Syslogs provide a quick view into any errors (trace level ERR) being reported by the system

Troubleshooting > Syslog

Syslog Web Server Logs License logs

Number of latest Syslog entries to display*

View

Clear

Download

Refresh

Scroll to Bottom

Manage Syslog Servers

```
Aug 31 07:50:00.485: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/9800cl-1.cfg) failed
Aug 31 07:49:51.802: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/cisconet.cfg) failed
Aug 31 07:49:36.470: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/9800cl-173-1-config) failed
Aug 31 07:49:27.781: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/network-config) failed
Aug 31 07:44:15.678: %CONFIG_VALIDATOR_MESSAGE-5-EWLC_GEN_ERR: Chassis 1 R0/0: wncmgrd: Error in Policy Tag: clus-policytag; Undefined Element: policy profile, "clus-localpp"
Aug 31 07:44:15.114: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by on vty5 (EEM:Mandatory.crypto_pk_i_wlc_ssc_config)
Aug 31 07:39:12.446: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/9800cl-1.cfg) failed
Aug 31 07:39:03.756: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/cisconet.cfg) failed
Aug 31 07:38:48.427: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/9800cl-173-1-config) failed
Aug 31 07:38:39.737: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/network-config) failed
Aug 31 07:29:41.155: %SYS-5-CONFIG_P: Configured programmatically by process SEP_wbul_wisma_http from console as sudha on vty5
Aug 31 07:29:17.067: %WEBSERVER-5-LOGIN_PASSED: Chassis 1 R0/0: : Login Successful from host 10.24.213.181 by user 'sudha' using crypto cipher 'ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256'
Aug 31 07:29:17.066: %SEC_LOGIN-5-LOGIN_SUCCESS: Login Success [user: sudha] [Source: 192.168.1.5] [localport: 21111] at 07:29:17 Central Mon Aug 31 2020
Aug 31 07:28:24.406: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/9800cl-1.cfg) failed
Aug 31 07:28:15.713: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/cisconet.cfg) failed
Aug 31 07:28:00.392: %SYS-4-CONFIG_RESOLVE_FAILURE: System config parse from (http://255.255.255.255/9800cl-173-1-config) failed
```

Always-On Tracing (Default-On Tracing)



GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard

Q Search Menu Items

- Dashboard
- Monitoring >
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- Troubleshooting**

Troubleshooting



Logs

Manage Syslog, Webserver Log, License Log



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Capture require info like CLI outputs, logs as a single bundle for error reporting and debugging



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Capture packets with different filter options to feed into Wireshark for debugging



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Check Ping-ability and Trace route info of a target destination through different sources



AP Packet Capture

AP Packet Capture for troubleshooting wireless clients



Radioactive Trace

Collect conditional trace logs using MAC address of a Client, AP etc.

Introducing Always On tracing

Contextual Logs WITHOUT enabling debugs

- Each process writes relevant events at Notice level
- No debug required
- Problem isolation assistance
 - Is client facing authentication issues or DHCP issue or something else
- Helps establish trends
 - Isolate if reported client connectivity problem is specific to certain APs or certain client mac addresses
- Box can store 48h approx. at max HW capacity, weeks typically

Always On tracing CLI

- Pre Process (in memory):

```
# show logging process <process daemon>
```

- Export to file:

```
# show logging process <process daemon> to-file <alwayson-processname.txt>
```

- Display in console:

```
# more bootflash:alwayson-processname.txt
```

- Export:

```
# copy bootflash:alwayson-processname.txt tftp://<serverip>/path OR  
ftp://user:pass@serverip/path
```

Always On tracing – How to view

- Aggregated view across processes:

```
# show logging profile wireless filter {mac | ip} {client-mac | mobility-peer-ip}
to-file <alwayson-clientmac>.txt
```

- Focus on time window, export to file

```
# show logging profile wireless start timestamp "MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS" filter mac
<mac addr> to-file <filename>
```

Default time in 16.12: since last boot

Default time starting 17.1 : last 10 minutes

- Focus last 5 minutes:

```
# show logging profile wireless start last 5 minutes
```

Always On: successful client connection

```
# show log profile wireless filter mac 0040.96b9.b5c4 to-file output.txt
```

```
[client-orch-sm] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Association received. BSSID 7069.5a51.4ec0, old BSSID 0000.0000.0000, WLAN RomanTest, Slot 0 AP 7069.5a51.4ec0, AP4C77.6D9E.6162
[client-orch-state] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client state transition: S_CO_INIT -> S_CO_ASSOCIATING
[dot11] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Association success. AID 1, Roaming = False, WGB = False, 11r = False, 11w = False AID list: 0x1|0x0| 0x0| 0x0
[client-orch-state] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client state transition: S_CO_ASSOCIATING -> S_CO_L2_AUTH_IN_PROGRESS
[client-auth] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 ADD MOBILE sent. Client state flags: 0x71 BSSID: MAC: 7069.5a51.4ec0 capwap IFID: 0x90000004
[client-auth] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 L2 Authentication initiated. method DOT1X, Policy VLAN 1477,AAA override = 0 , NAC = 0
[ewlc-infra-evq] [21109]: (note): Authentication Success. Resolved Policy bitmap:11 for client f0c1.f10b.8ac1
[client-auth] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 L2 Authentication Key Exchange Start. Resolved VLAN: 1477, Audit Session id: 1E27300A0000000E127592C3
[client-keymgmt] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 EAP Key management successful. AKM:DOT1X Cipher:CCMP WPA2
[client-orch-sm] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Mobility discovery triggered. Client mode: Local
[client-orch-state] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client state transition: S_CO_L2_AUTH_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_MOBILITY_DISCOVERY_IN_PROGRESS
[mm-client] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Mobility Successful. Roam Type None, Sub Roam Type MM_SUB_ROAM_TYPE_NONE, Previous BSSID MAC: 0000.0000.0000 Client IFID: 0xa0000001, Client Role: Local PoA: 0x90000004 PoP: 0x0
[client-auth] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 ADD MOBILE sent. Client state flags: 0x72 BSSID: MAC: 7069.5a51.4ec0 capwap IFID: 0x90000004
[client-orch-state] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client state transition: S_CO_MOBILITY_DISCOVERY_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_DPATH_PLUMB_IN_PROGRESS
[dot11] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client datapath entry params - ssid:RomanTest,slot_id:0 bssid ifid: 0x0, radio_ifid: 0x90000003, wlan_ifid: 0xf0400002
[dpath_svc] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client datapath entry created for ifid 0xa0000001
[client-orch-state] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client state transition: S_CO_DPATH_PLUMB_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_IP_LEARN_IN_PROGRESS
[client-iplearn] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client IP learn successful. Method: DHCP IP: 192.168.77.200
[client-orch-state] [21109]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client state transition: S_CO_IP_LEARN_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_RUN
```

Always On: client connection failure

```
#sh logging profile wireless filter mac f0c1.f10b.8ac to-file dot1x-failure.txt
```

```
2019/10/29 09:35:34.048 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-orch-sm] [19470]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Association received. BSSID 7069.5a51.4ec0, old BSSID 7069.5a51.4ec0, WLAN RomanTest, Slot 0 AP 7069.5a51.4ec0, AP4C77.6D9E.6162
```

```
2019/10/29 09:35:34.048 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-orch-state] [19470]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client state transition: S_CO_L2_AUTH_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_L2_AUTH_IN_PROGRESS
```

```
2019/10/29 09:35:34.048 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [dot11] [19470]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Association success. AID 1, Roaming = False, WGB = False, 11r = False, 11w = False AID list: 0x1| 0x0| 0x0| 0x0
```

```
2019/10/29 09:35:34.048 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-orch-state] [19470]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 Client state transition: S_CO_L2_AUTH_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_L2_AUTH_IN_PROGRESS
```

```
2019/10/29 09:35:34.048 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-auth] [19470]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 ADD MOBILE sent. Client state flags: 0x71 BSSID: MAC: 7069.5a51.4ec0 capwap IFID: 0x90000004
```

```
2019/10/29 09:35:34.051 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-auth] [19470]: (note): MAC: f0c1.f10b.8ac1 L2 Authentication initiated. method DOT1X, Policy VLAN 1477,AAA override = 0 , NAC = 0
```

```
2019/10/29 09:35:34.330 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [errmsg] [19470]: (note): %DOT1X-5-FAIL: Authentication failed for client (f0c1.f10b.8ac1) with reason (Cred Fail) on Interface capwap_90000004 AuditSessionID 0000000000000000B16D9A13D Username: drghgdf
```

Always On : AP join failures

```
# show log profile wir filter mac <ap radio mac> to-file output.txt
```

- **Unsupported AP**

```
[apmgr-capwap-join] [1263]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): d824.bde8.3690 Join request not accepted: Unsupported AP Model AIR-LAP1142N-A-K9
```

- **Reg Domain failure**

```
[apmgr-capwap-config] [1394]: UUID: 1000000002ed, (ERR): f44e.0597.fb50 Failed to verify reg domain slot. validation of country code(UX) to regulatory domain(-A) error:1  
[apmgr-capwap-config] [1394]: UUID: 1000000002ed, (ERR): f44e.0597.fb50 Failed to get ap default country code. Get default country code for AP error.  
[apmgr-capwap-config] [1394]: UUID: 1000000002ed, (ERR): f44e.0597.fb50 Failed to set reg domain check status.  
country code US is not configured on WLC
```

- **Cert Failure**

```
[apmgr-capwap-config] [1394]: UUID: 1000000002ed, (ERR), %PKI-3-CERTIFICATE_INVALID_NOT_YET_VALID: Certificate chain validation has failed. The certificate (SN: 6B4F0956000001763DF) is not yet valid Validity period starts on 22:48:43 IST Sep 9 2014
```

- **Discovery to non wireless mgmt interface**

```
{wncmgrd_R0-0}{2}: [capwapac-srvr] [16320]: UUID: 0, ra::0, TID: 0 (ERR): IP:3.3.3.1[5246], Discovery to non wireless mgmt interface
```

Always on Tracing - GUI

Troubleshooting > Radioactive Trace

Conditional Debug Global State: **Stopped**

[+ Add](#) [x Delete](#) [v Start](#) [■ Stop](#)

	MAC/IP Address	Trace file	
<input type="checkbox"/>	ccc0.796d.7ca0	debugTrace_ccc0.796d.7ca0.txt	Download Generate

10 items per page 1 - 1 of 1 items

```
2020/08/31 08:04:28.615491 [IOSRP_R0-0]{1}: [nibcmm] [1647]: (note): route_watch start, 'query rwatch' default(0x0):10.201.234.26/32 flags:0x3 handle:0x1
2020/08/31 08:04:28.615668 [IOSRP_R0-0]{1}: [nibcmm] [1647]: (note): route_watch reachable, 'query rwatch' default(0x0):10.201.234.26/32 paths 1
2020/08/31 08:04:28.629018 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [ewlc-infra-evq] [25986]: (note): Authentication Success. Resolved Policy bitmap:11 for client ccc0.796d.7ca0
2020/08/31 08:04:28.629050 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-auth] [25986]: (note): MAC: ccc0.796d.7ca0 Open L2 Authentication Success. EAP type: NA, Resolved VLAN: 1104, Audit Session id: 0000000000000000B438DDDA5
2020/08/31 08:04:28.629182 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-orch-sm] [25986]: (note): MAC: ccc0.796d.7ca0 Mobility discovery triggered. Client mode: Local
2020/08/31 08:04:28.629186 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-orch-state] [25986]: (note): MAC: ccc0.796d.7ca0 Client state transition: S_CO_L2_AUTH_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_MOBILITY_DISCOVERY_IN_PROGRESS
2020/08/31 08:04:28.659492 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [mm-client] [25986]: (note): MAC: ccc0.796d.7ca0 Mobility Successful. Roam Type None, Sub Roam Type MM_SUB_ROAM_TYPE_NONE, Client IFID: 0xa0000001, Client Role: Local PoA: 0x90000004 PoP: 0x0
2020/08/31 08:04:28.669114 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-auth] [25986]: (note): MAC: ccc0.796d.7ca0 ADD MOBILE sent. Client state flags: 0x72 BSSID: MAC: 502f.a876.2420 capwap IFID: 0x90000004
2020/08/31 08:04:28.669195 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-orch-state] [25986]: (note): MAC: ccc0.796d.7ca0 Client state transition: S_CO_MOBILITY_DISCOVERY_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_DPATH_PLUMB_IN_PROGRESS
2020/08/31 08:04:28.669328 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [dot11] [25986]: (note): MAC: ccc0.796d.7ca0 Client datapath entry params - ssid:clus-dot1x,slot_id:0 bssid ifid: 0x0, radio_ifid: 0x90000003, wlan_ifid: 0xf0400001
2020/08/31 08:04:28.682838 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [dpath_svc] [25986]: (note): MAC: ccc0.796d.7ca0 Client datapath entry created for ifid 0xa0000001
2020/08/31 08:04:28.682915 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-orch-state] [25986]: (note): MAC: ccc0.796d.7ca0 Client state transition: S_CO_DPATH_PLUMB_IN_PROGRESS -> S_CO_IP_LEARN_IN_PROGRESS
2020/08/31 08:04:28.693470 [IOSRP_R0-0]{1}: [qos-pi] [1647]: (note): policy_name=client-default, iftype=30, if_info=0x7f0c3cf2d538, dir=1, clienttype=20, rc=1, retLocation=21
2020/08/31 08:04:28.694081 [IOSRP_R0-0]{1}: [qos-pi] [1647]: (note): policy_name=client-default, iftype=30, if_info=0x7f0c3cf2d538, dir=0, clienttype=20, rc=1, retLocation=21
2020/08/31 08:04:31.380495 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-iplearn] [25986]: (note): MAC: ccc0.796d.7ca0 Client IP learn successful. Method: DHCP IP: 10.201.234.8
```

[Load More](#)

Trace-on-Failure

Trace-on-Failure (TOF) (Not fully supported until 17.3)

- 55 Predefined failure codes tracked
- Available stats

```
# show wireless stats trace-on-failure
001. AP radio reset.....: 0
002. AP reset.....: 0
003. Client disjoin due to AP radio reset.....: 0
004. Client disjoin due to AP reset.....: 0
005. Export client MMIF.....: 0
006. Export client MM.....: 0
007. Export client generic.....: 0
011. AP join failure.....: 0
012. AP initial configuration failure.....:
44335
```

Trace on Failure Summary

- You can see indexed recent failures. This not only gives you a quick failure of recent failure but includes timestamp and UUID which can then be used to look at the section of trace logs to get additional context of failure.

```
[16.12]# show logging trace-on-failure summary
```

```
[17.1]# show logging profile wireless (filter mac) trace-on-failure
```



Time	UUID	Log
2018/09/21 04:43:52.773	0x1000000004c93	2048.2000.0300 AP_CFG_STATUS_FAIL : Apmgr failure reason : Regulatory
2018/09/21 04:43:52.990	0x1000000004cbf	2048.2000.0500 AP_CFG_STATUS_FAIL : Apmgr failure reason : Regulatory
2018/09/21 04:43:52.999	0x1000000004ced	e836.171f.a162 CLIENT_STAGE_TIMEOUT State = IP_LEARNING, WLAN profile = ACLtest, Policy profile = leap, AP name = LABap_2802
2018/09/21 04:43:53.068	0x1000000004ce5	2048.2000.0200 AP_CFG_STATUS_FAIL : Apmgr failure reason : Regulatory
2018/09/21 04:43:53.226	0x1000000004d05	2048.2000.0700 AP_CFG_STATUS_FAIL : Apmgr failure reason : Regulatory
2018/09/21 04:43:53.270	0x1000000004d17	2048.2000.0600 AP_CFG_STATUS_FAIL : Apmgr failure reason : Regulatory
2018/09/21 04:43:55.626	0x1000000004e61	2048.2000.1200 AP_CFG_STATUS_FAIL : Apmgr failure reason : Regulatory
2018/12/12 12:26:35.406	0x10000000cd09b	8875.56c6.f000 AP_JOIN_FAIL : Apmgr failure reason : Unsupported ap,
2018/12/17 13:18:32.097	0x10000002c7428	08cc.68b4.4660 CAPWAPAC_HEARTBEAT_EXPIRY

Trace on Failure Details

```
# show log profile wir filter uuid 0x1000000cd09b to-file <filename>
```

```
# more bootflash:<filename>
```

```
2018/12/12 12:26:35.406 {wncd_x_R0-3}{1}: [ewlc-infra-evq] [3862]: (note): Data type : Message handle
2018/12/12 12:26:35.406 {wncd_x_R0-3}{1}: [apmgr-capwap-join] [3862]: (ERR): 8875.56c6.f000 Join request
not accepted: Unsupported AP Model AIR-CAP3602I-E-K9
2018/12/12 12:26:35.406 {wncd_x_R0-3}{1}: [apmgr-capwap-join] [3862]: (ERR): 8875.56c6.f000 Failed to
process join request. Unable to decode apmgr join response
2018/12/12 12:26:35.406 {wncd_x_R0-3}{1}: [apmgr-ap-global] [3862]: (ERR): 8875.56c6.f000 Failed to handle
ap sm join request. Unable to process apmgr join request
2018/12/12 12:26:35.406 {wncd_x_R0-3}{1}: [ewlc-infra-evq] [3862]: (ERR): 8875.56c6.f000 AP_JOIN_FAIL :
Apmgr failure reason : Unsupported ap, Policy tag : , Site tag : , Rf tag : default-rf-tag
2018/12/12 12:26:35.406 {wncd_x_R0-3}{1}: [apmgr-db] [3862]: (ERR): Failed to get ap name mac map record
for delete. Name: AP3602I-E-K9. Reason: No such file or directory
2018/12/12 12:26:35.406 {wncd_x_R0-3}{1}: [apmgr-db] [3862]: (ERR): 8875.56c6.f000 Delete ap name map
record from the apmgr failed: 2
2018/12/12 12:26:35.406 {wncd_x_R0-3}{1}: [capwapac-smgr-sess-fsm] [3862]: (ERR): Session-IP:
192.168.17.146[57187] Mac: 8875.56c6.f000 Unmapped previous state in transition S_JOIN_PROCESS to S_END on
E_AP_INTERFACE_DOWN
```

Radioactive tracing (Conditional Debugging)



GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard

Search Menu Items

- Dashboard
- Monitoring >
- Configuration >
- Administration >
- Licensing
- Troubleshooting**

Troubleshooting



Logs

Manage Syslog, Webserver Log, License Log



Core Dump and System Report

View the list of core files and System Reports captured in the device



Debug Bundle

Capture require info like CLI outputs, logs as a single bundle for error reporting and debugging



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Capture packets with different filter options to feed into Wireshark for debugging



Ping and Trace Route

Check Ping-ability and Trace route info of a target destination through different sources



AP Packet Capture

AP Packet Capture for troubleshooting wireless clients



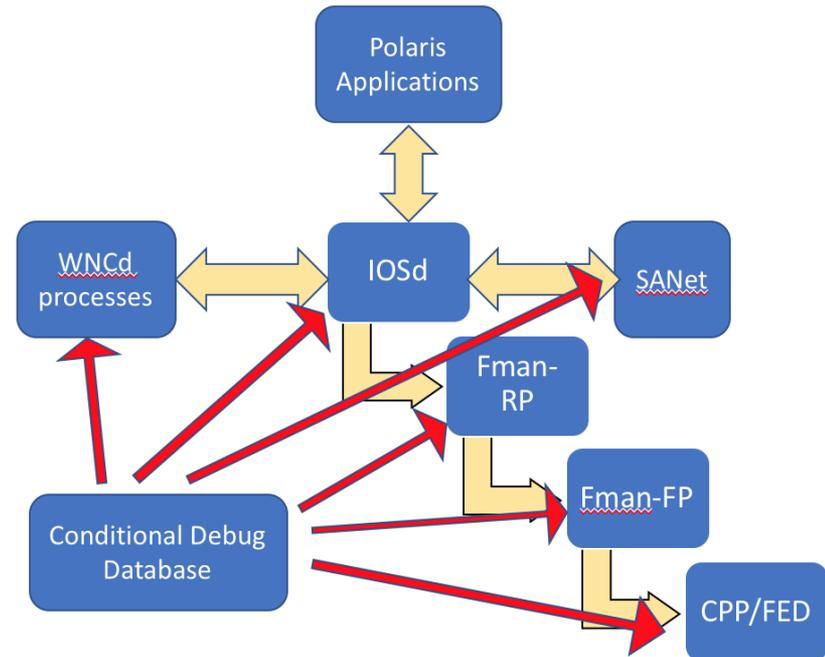
Radioactive Trace

Collect conditional trace logs using MAC address of a Client, AP etc.

Radioactive tracing

Building on existing conditional debugging CLI

- Collect additional data about a particular IP or mac
- Roughly similar to the old “deb client mac”
- Formally: it is “store and display” process
- Filter needs to match available info
- A lot more detailed
 - Always On: 18 lines
 - Radioactive: 180 lines
 - Radioactive + Internal: 1800 lines



Radioactive tracing

Difficult!

```
# debug platform condition feature wireless mac <client mac>  
# debug platform condition start
```

(reproduce issue)

```
# debug platform condition stop
```

```
# show logging profile wireless [(start timestamp "Date&time") level debug filter mac  
<client mac> to-file <filename>]
```

```
# more flash:<filename>
```

Radioactive Tracing: Easy way...

Use this

- Macro to collect and export in one go:

```
# debug wireless mac <mac-of-client> ftp-server ser.ver.ip.add /directory
```

- Runs for 30 min, or set a timer
- Stop with

```
# no debug wireless mac <mac-of-client>
```

- Destination can be FTP or File (flash)
 - File is more reliable
 - FTP needs write access, previous config

Radioactive Tracing: Even Easier...

Use this!

Troubleshooting > Radioactive Trace

Conditional Debug Global State: **Stopped**

+ Add × Delete ✓ Start ■ Stop

	MAC/IP Address	Trace file	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ccc0.796d.7ca0	debugTrace_ccc0.796d.7ca0.txt	<input type="button" value="Generate"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	1111.2222.3333		<input type="button" value="Generate"/>

◀ ◁ 1 ▷ ▶

10 items per page

Enter time interval

Enable Internal Logs

Generate logs for last

- 10 minutes
- 30 minutes
- 1 hour
- since last boot
-

Radioactive Tracing Filtering and Cleanup

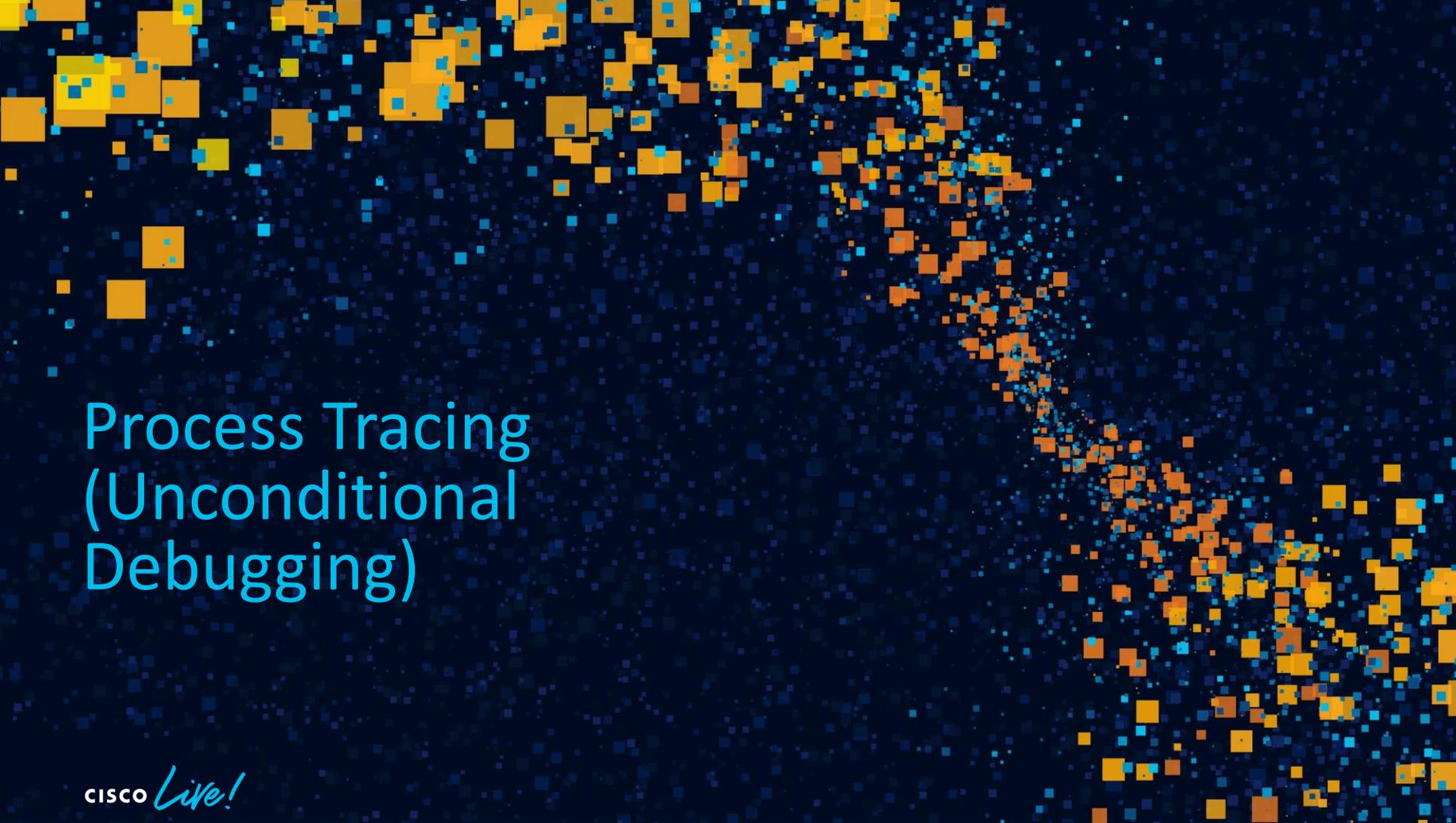
- AP debugging by mac works for all radio/rrm/etc processes. DTLS will not work
- AP debugging by its IP address works for DTLS, but misses all later processes

Remember: set filter for the desired context

- **Always remove conditions**

clear platform condition all

undebug all



Process Tracing (Unconditional Debugging)

Process Daemon Specific Debugging

Unconditional Debugging

- Single process focused troubleshooting
 - Examples: RRM, nginx web server

- To view current log level set for a process trace

```
# show platform software trace level <rrm-mgrd | wncd | mobility>  
chassis active R0
```

Process Daemon Specific Debugging

- Enable:

```
# set platform software trace <rrm-mgrd | nginx | nmspd> chassis active R0 all debug  
(reproduce issue)
```

- Collect traces:

```
# show logging process <rrm-mgrd | nginx | nmspd> to-file <debugtrace-rrmd.txt>
```

- View:

```
# more bootflash:debugtrace-rrmd.txt
```

- Export:

```
# copy bootflash:debugtrace-rrmd.txt { tftp:, ftp:, http:, https:, scp: }
```

- Disable:

```
# undebug all OR # set platform software trace <> chassis active R0 all notice
```

Process Daemon Specific Debugging for mDNS

- Enable:

```
# set platform software trace wncd 0 chassis active r0 mdns verbose
```

```
# sh platform software trace level wncd 0 chassis active R0 | in Verbose
```

(reproduce issue)

- Collect traces:

```
# sh platform software trace message wncd 0 chassis active R0
```

- Disable:

```
# undebug all OR # set platform software trace <> chassis active R0 all notice
```

Process Daemon Specific Debugging for mDNS

- **Successful service learning:**

```
2019/11/08 07:37:06.976 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [mdns] [28837]: (verbose): Received READ Callback for IPV4 mDNS packet
```

```
...
```

```
2019/11/08 07:37:06.975 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [mdns] [28837]: (debug): MDNS_ADVT:[MAC:88e9.fe7a.04c8]TXT record added/updated successfully : Nxxxxx-M-X2HX._airplay._tcp.local
```

```
...
```

```
2019/11/08 07:37:06.975 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [mdns] [28837]: (debug): MDNS_ADVT:[MAC:88e9.fe7a.04c8]TXT record added/updated successfully : Nxxxxx-M-X2HX._airserver._tcp.local
```

- **Failed mDNS processing:**

```
2019/11/08 07:37:36:50.711 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [mdns] [26786]: (debug): Received READ Callback for IPV4 mDNS packet
```

```
2019/11/08 07:37:36:50.711 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [mdns] [26786]: (verbose): In ret_buffer pak: 0x55bd04ee9ff8 bpak->buffer_start 0x55bd04ee1098 bpak->subblock 0x0
```

```
2019/11/08 07:37:36:50.711 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [mdns] [26786]: (verbose): MDNS record Search: record with wlan_id: 2 found
```

```
2019/11/08 07:37:36:50.711 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [mdns] [26786]: (verbose): Dropping mDNS packet, SVI interface (VLAN : 1477) not present/UP
```

Tracing Summary - What is what?

IOSd Logging

- Your Traditional Syslog

Binary Tracing

- Fast infrastructure for real-time logging

Always On Tracing

- Real time data collection for all relevant events

Conditional Debugging/Radioactive Tracing

- Per IP/MAC address debugging

Non-Conditional Debugging/Per Process Tracing

- Your traditional debug

Tracing Summary – When to use?

Basic client/AP data collection:

- Data is there, just pull it...
- Collect data with “`show logging profile wireless filter {mac | ip}`”..

Advanced client/AP:

- Use Radioactive Tracing
- Collect data with “`debug wireless mac <mac-of-client> ftp-server ser.ver.ip.add /directory`”

Basic Box logs

- Traditional show logs/syslog

Embedded Packet Capture



GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard

Search Menu Items

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- Licensing
- Troubleshooting**

Troubleshooting



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Collect conditional trace logs using MAC address of a Client, AP etc.

Embedded Packet Capture

- Get packets sent from or to and through the controller
- Export to Wireshark
- No need for switch capture
- Accessible either from GUI or CLI

Embedded Packet Capture (EPC) web interface

- Web interface to the existing EPC CLI “monitor capture ...”
- One click start/stop/download
- Physical and VLAN interfaces can be selected

Create Packet Capture

Capture Name*

Filter* TCP UDP

Source Network* /

Destination Network* /

Monitor Control Plane*

Buffer Size (MB)*

Limit by* secs == 1.00 hour

Available (5)

<input type="checkbox"/> Te0/0/0	→
<input type="checkbox"/> Te0/0/2	→
<input type="checkbox"/> Te0/0/3	→
<input type="checkbox"/> Vlan1	→
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vlan711	→

Selected (1)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Te0/0/1	←
---------------------------------------------	---

Embedded Packet Capture web interface

One click start/stop/download

Capture Name	Interface	Monitor Control Plane	Buffer Size	Filter by	Limit	Status	Action
<input type="checkbox"/> mycap	TenGigabitEthernet0/0/1	Yes	0%	ipv4	3600 secs	Active	Stop

1 10 items per page 1 - 1 of 1 items

Capture Name	Interface	Monitor Control Plane	Buffer Size	Filter by	Limit	Status	Action
<input type="checkbox"/> mycap	TenGigabitEthernet0/0/1	Yes	1%	ipv4	3600 secs	Inactive	Start Export

1 10 items per page 1 - 1 of 1 items

Embedded Packet Capture CLI

- `monitor capture test interface GigabitEthernet2 both`
- `monitor capture test control-plane both`
- `monitor capture test match any`
- `monitor capture test buffer size 100 circular`
- `monitor capture test limit pps 1000000`
- `monitor capture test start`
- `monitor capture test stop`
- `monitor capture test export bootflash:test.pcap`

EPC CLI – Granular Filtering Options

- While GUI provides ease of use, it can only filter for an ipv4/ipv6 address.
- For more granular filtering using access-list etc, CLI is preferable.
- With 16.x, in order to capture traffic for one client, it has to be filtered on ip address of AP, it was registering to.
- With 17.x, we have an additional filter to match inner identity (currently *mac-address* only) which allows to focus on traffic related to specific client when CAPWAP encapsulated.

```
# monitor capture client_inner_mac inner mac f0c1.f10b.8ac1 interface vlan39 both control-plane both
# monitor capture client_inner_mac match any
# monitor capture client_inner_mac start
# monitor capture client_inner_mac stop
# monitor capture client_inner_mac export bootflash:inner-mac.pcap
```

Embedded Packet Capture CLI

Collected captures can be either uploaded to some file server in the network or downloaded from WLC web interface directly.

The screenshot displays the Cisco Catalyst 9800-L Wireless Controller web interface. The top navigation bar includes the Cisco logo, the controller name "Cisco Catalyst 9800-L Wireless Controller" with IP "17.1.20191006", and a "Welcome admin" message. A search bar for "APs and Clients" is also present. The main content area is titled "Administration > Management > File Manager" and shows a file browser for the "bootflash:" directory. A sidebar on the left contains navigation options: Dashboard, Monitoring, Configuration, Administration (highlighted), and Troubleshooting. The file browser shows a grid of files and folders, including "lost+found", "core", "gs_script", "memleak.tcl", "virtual-instance", "tracelogs", "throughput_monitor_p...", "onep", "license_evlo g", "dc_profile_di r", "vian.dat", "btdecode_er r", "topnmemuse", "EFI", "pnp-tech-time", "pnp-tech-discovery-s...", "dot1x-ok.txt", "C9800-L-hw-programma...", "packages.co nf", "Throughput.t xt", "C9800-L-universalk9...", "C9800-L-mono-univers...", "C9800-L-rpboot.BLD_V.", "ra_trace_MA C_f0c1.f1...", "ra_trace_MA C_f0c1.f1...", "debugTrace_f0c1.f10b...", "DHCPs_mg mt.pcap", and "DHCPs_svi.pcap". There are also "inner-mac.pcap" and "client_inner-mac.pca..." files.

EPC CLI – Granular Filtering Options

1	2019-10-29	13:22:55.569962	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:c0	802.11	301	Association Request, SN=
2	2019-10-29	13:22:55.644955	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:c0	EAP	106	Response, Identity
3	2019-10-29	13:22:55.663951	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:c0	TLSv1	223	Client Hello
4	2019-10-29	13:22:55.713952	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:c0	EAP	102	Response, Protected EAP
5	2019-10-29	13:22:55.732948	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:c0	EAP	102	Response, Protected EAP
6	2019-10-29	13:31:44.256975	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	802.11	303	Association Request, SN=
7	2019-10-29	13:31:44.256975	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	802.11	303	Association Request, SN=
8	2019-10-29	13:31:44.256975	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	Apple_0b:8a:c1	802.11	190	Association Response, SN=
9	2019-10-29	13:31:44.261979	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	Apple_0b:8a:c1	EAP	91	Request, Identity
10	2019-10-29	13:31:44.291977	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	EAP	106	Response, Identity
11	2019-10-29	13:31:44.291977	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	EAP	106	Response, Identity
12	2019-10-29	13:31:44.296981	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	Apple_0b:8a:c1	EAP	92	Request, Protected EAP (
13	2019-10-29	13:31:44.347973	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	TLSv1	223	Client Hello
14	2019-10-29	13:31:44.347973	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	TLSv1	223	Client Hello
15	2019-10-29	13:31:44.387965	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	Apple_0b:8a:c1	TLSv1	1098	Server Hello, Certificat
16	2019-10-29	13:31:44.391978	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	EAP	102	Response, Protected EAP
17	2019-10-29	13:31:44.391978	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	EAP	102	Response, Protected EAP
18	2019-10-29	13:31:44.393976	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	Apple_0b:8a:c1	TLSv1	1094	Server Hello, Certificat
19	2019-10-29	13:31:44.396967	Apple_0b:8a:c1	70:69:5a:51:4e:cf	EAP	102	Response, Protected EAP

Data Plane Packet Tracer

Data Plane Packet Tracing

- Data plane “view” of specified traffic
- Collect X packets, and dump information
- Verify which features are processing each frame

- It is not a packet capture -> EPC
- Mostly IP related traffic (no wireless info)

Packet Tracing

- Set condition

```
# debug platform condition mac 001e.e5e2.35cf both
```

Enable conditional debugging

```
# debug platform start
```

- Verify enabled conditions

```
# show platform conditions
```

- Enable packet-tracer and specify the number of packets to collect

```
# debug platform packet-trace packet 128 fia-trace
```

Packet Tracer Statistics

- Check stats

show platform packet-trace statistics

Packets Summary

Matched 384

Traced 129

Packets Received

Ingress 264

Packet Tracer – View and Export Packet dump

- Summary View of all packets

show platform packet-tracer summary

- Export packet dump

show platform packet-tracer packet all | redirect {bootflash | tftp: | ftp:}
pactrac.txt

Packet Tracing – View specific packet

#show platform packet-trace packet 47

Feature: IPV4_INPUT_GOTO_OUTPUT_FEATUREEntry : Input - 0x8173e358
Input : Vlan1104
Output : <unknown>
Lapsed time : 4000 ns
Feature: CAPWAP_DTLS_CTRL_DECRYPT_PRE_EXT

Entry : Input - 0x8178ff90
Input : Vlan1104
Output : <unknown>
Lapsed time : 933 ns
Feature: CAPWAP_CTRL_PUNT_EXT

Entry : Output - 0x8178f660
Input : Vlan1104
Output : internal0/0/rp:0
Lapsed time : 4913 ns



Other Troubleshooting Tools

GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard

Search Menu Items

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Troubleshooting



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GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard

Debug Bundle Page

“show tech-support”
“show tech-support wireless”

Troubleshooting > Debug Bundle

Name of the debug bundle
debugBundle_C9800-CL

This supports user to create a compressed package with required files like CLI outputs, logs etc for reporting and debugging the issues

Enter the CLIs of which output needs to be packaged. Maximum 5 CLIs are allowed.
Enter the CLIs of which output needs to be packaged

View Add

sh run

Web Server log
 Core File
 Radioactive Trace log

At most two trace log files can be attached.

Attach	Date & Time	Size (Bytes)	Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	9/16/2019 13:28:02	29475	flash/debugTrace_10.48.71.120.txt
<input type="checkbox"/>	10/31/2019 08:52:39	2525112	flash/debugTrace_e836.171f.a162.txt
<input type="checkbox"/>	11/4/2019 12:02:21	2087090	flash/debugTrace_f018.9864.2183.txt

10 items per page 1 - 3 of 3 items

Create Debug Bundle

```
# show tech wireless  
# show tech memory.
```

```
# show tech wireless client  
# show tech wireless multicast  
#show tech wireless qos  
#show tech wireless datapath
```



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GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard

Core Dump and System Report page

The screenshot displays the 'Troubleshooting : Core Dump and System Report' page. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation options: Dashboard, Monitoring, Configuration, Administration, and Troubleshooting (highlighted). The main content area has a search bar and a 'Back to TroubleShooting Menu' link. Below this are two sections: 'Core Dump' and 'System Report'. The 'Core Dump' section features a 'Delete' button and a table with 5 items. The 'System Report' section features a disabled 'Delete' button and an empty table.

Troubleshooting : Core Dump and System Report

[← Back to TroubleShooting Menu](#)

Core Dump

[x Delete](#)

	Date & Time	Size (Bytes)	Name	Download
<input type="checkbox"/>	09 Oct 2018 16:09:26	383450	flash/core/RP_0_plogd_20225_20181009-160925-Universal.core.gz	Download
<input type="checkbox"/>	08 Oct 2018 21:08:43	50226	flash/core/veWLC-9a_systemd-journald_5929_20181008-210843-UTC.core.gz	Download
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	08 Oct 2018 21:05:43	50022	flash/core/veWLC-9a_systemd-journald_5803_20181008-210543-UTC.core.gz	Download
<input type="checkbox"/>	08 Oct 2018 21:02:42	49874	flash/core/veWLC-9a_systemd-journald_5271_20181008-210242-UTC.core.gz	Download
<input type="checkbox"/>	08 Oct 2018 20:59:42	52122	flash/core/veWLC-9a_systemd-journald_1628_20181008-205942-UTC.core.gz	Download

1 - 5 of 5 items

System Report

[x Delete](#)

	Date & Time	Size (Bytes)	Name	Download
No items to display				

GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard

Q Search Menu Items

- Dashboard
- Monitoring >
- Configuration >
- Administration >
- Licensing
- Troubleshooting**

Troubleshooting



Logs

Manage Syslog, Webserver Log, License Log



Core Dump and System Report

View the list of core files and System Reports captured in the device



Debug Bundle

Capture require info like CLI outputs, logs as a single bundle for error reporting and debugging



Packet Capture

Capture packets with different filter options to feed into Wireshark for debugging



Ping and Trace Route

Check Ping-ability and Trace route info of a target destination through different sources



AP Packet Capture

AP Packet Capture for troubleshooting wireless clients



Radioactive Trace

Collect conditional trace logs using MAC address of a Client, AP etc.

Useful commands and tools

Ping and Traceroute page

Troubleshooting : Ping and Traceroute

[← Back to TroubleShooting Menu](#)

Destination*

8.8.8.8

Ping

Traceroute

Source

Te0/0/3

Te0/0/0

Te0/0/1

Te0/0/2

Te0/0/3

GigabitEthernet0

Capwap2

Vlan1

Vlan711

Source (Device)



Te0/0/3

```
#ping 8.8.8.8 source Te0/0/3
% Invalid source interface - IP not enabled or interface is down
```

GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard

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Troubleshooting



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Radioactive Trace

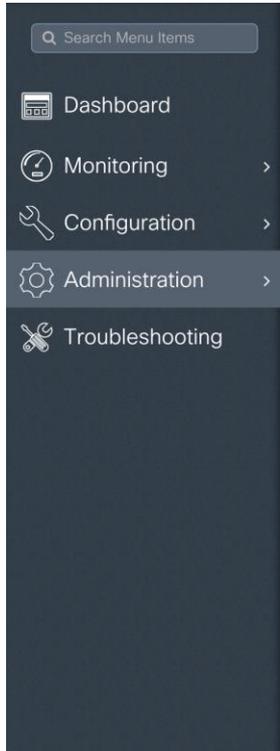
Collect conditional trace logs using MAC address of a Client, AP etc.

AP Packet Capture

- This puts AP in sniffer mode to collect over the air traces
- It is only applicable to IOS APs supported by C9800 - 1700, 2700, 3700, IW3700, AP803.
- <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/wireless/catalyst-9800-series-wireless-controllers/213914-configure-ap-packet-capture-on-catalyst.html>

GUI based CLI Editor

Administration -> Command line interface page



Command Line Interface

Exec Configure

Run Command

Clear

Copy

Export

```
show ap summary
```

Control+X: Clear | Control+M: Switch Mode | Control+Return(↵): Execute Command | Control+Y: Copy | Control+Shift+E: Export | Shift+Up Arrow(↑)/Down Arrow(↓): Lookup History

```
Tue Dec 04 2018 13:30:22 GMT+0100 (Central European Standard Time)
=====
#show ap summ
Number of APs: 3
AP Name           Slots  AP Model Ethernet MAC  Radio MAC  Location      Country  IP Address      State
-----
LabAP              3      2802I  f80b.cbe4.7f40  0027.e38f.33a0  default location  BE       192.168.68.109  Registered
AP00A2.891C.15F8   3      1810W  00a2.891c.15f8  00a2.891c.be40  default location  BE       192.168.68.116  Registered
2802AP             3      2802I  00f2.8b26.81e0  00f2.8b26.e5e0  default location  BE       192.168.68.171  Registered
```

Other Tools

Wireless Troubleshooting Tools

<https://developer.cisco.com/docs/wireless-troubleshooting-tools/>

The screenshot shows the Cisco DevNet website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the DevNet logo and links for Discover, Technologies, Community, Support, and Events. A search icon and buttons for 'SIGN UP FREE' and 'LOG IN' are also present. Below the navigation bar, the breadcrumb trail reads 'Documentation > Wireless Troubleshooting Tools'. The main content area features a search icon and the title 'Wireless Troubleshooting Tools'. The introductory text states: 'In order to help people in the field, doing Wireless networks troubleshooting and RF analysis, the WNG Escalation and Development teams have made available several tools to facilitate some of the most common tasks.' The tools listed are:

- Wireless Lan Config Analyzer - WLCCA - Download V4.4.12**
It is desktop Windows application, oriented primarily towards AireOS controllers Provides around 300+ configuration checks, RF analysis and RF Health evaluation
- WLAN Poller - Download AireOS or IOS-XE**
Bulk data collection script system, focused on capturing debugging data, flash checks and DFS stats collections for large groups of Access points
- Wireless Config Analyzer Express - WCAE**
It is a cloud application, capable of providing a summary of the features supported on WLCCA, with 180+ checks, and RF Health summarization. Now with IOS-XE support!
- 9800 Traces to ELK - Github**
Example application to automatically retrieve traces from the new Cisco 9800 Wireless controller and display different information on a Kibana dashboard.
- 9800 Telemetry Pipeline - Github**
Real time visualization and analysis of C9800 wireless controller telemetry data streaming. It uses dial-out telemetry to push a periodic stream of wireless operational data to an open source collector

Agenda

- Hardware and Software Architecture
- Life of a Packet

- New Config Model
- Deployment Considerations

- GUI Troubleshooting Dashboard
- IOS-XE Tracing, Packet Capture & Packet Tracer

- Health and KPI Monitoring
- Conclusion

Chapters

1

2

3

4

HW monitoring

HW sensors and status

show environment all

Sensor List: Environmental Monitoring

Sensor	Location	State	Reading
Vin	P0	Normal	119 V AC
Iin	P0	Normal	2 A
Vout	P0	Normal	12 V DC
Iout	P0	Normal	20 A
Temp1	P0	Normal	33 Celsius
Temp2	P0	Normal	29 Celsius
Temp3	P0	Normal	37 Celsius
VRRX1: VX1	R0	Normal	751 mV
VRRX1: VX2	R0	Normal	6909 mV
VRRX1: VX3	R0	Normal	1216 mV

Virtual “HW” monitoring

Box specifications and environment

```
#sh platform software system all
```

Processor Details

```
=====
```

```
Number of Processors : 4
```

```
Processor : 1 - 4
```

```
vendor_id : GenuineIntel
```

```
cpu MHz : 2266.747
```

```
cache size : 8192 KB
```

```
Crypto Supported : No
```

```
model name : Int
```

Hypervisor Details

```
=====
```

```
Hypervisor: VMWARE
```

```
Manufacturer: VMware, Inc.
```

```
Product Name: VMware Virtual Platform
```

AP Health

Verifying AP discovery

show wireless stats ap discovery

Discovery requests received from total number of APs : 3

AP Radio MAC	AP Ethernet MAC	IP Address	Last Success time	Last failure type	Last failure time
0062.ecaa.de80	0042.68a0.ee78	192.168.26.101	05/28/19 10:00:02	None	NA
00a3.8ec2.da00	002c.c899.b9ac	192.168.25.102	05/28/19 10:00:02	None	NA
cc16.7e30.3980	58ac.78de.891e	192.168.26.102	05/28/19 10:00:09	Non-wireless Mgmt interface	NA

- Single view for all Aps that tried to find the controller

AP Health

AP reliability

show ap uptime

Number of APs: 3

AP Name	Ethernet MAC	Radio MAC	AP Up Time	Association Up Time
ap3800i-r2-sw1-te0-1	0042.68a0.ee78	0062.ecaa.de80	1 day 0 hour 37 minutes	1 day 0 hour 21
ap2800-r2-sw1-2-0-4	002c.c899.b9ac	00a3.8ec2.da00	1 day 0 hour 38 minutes	1 day 0 hour 21
ap3800i-r2-sw1-te0-2	58ac.78de.891e	cc16.7e30.3980	1 day 0 hour 36 minutes	1 day 0 hour 21

- Single view:
 - AP crashes
 - CAPWAP bounces

AP Health

Verifying AP join

show wireless stats ap join summary

Number of APs: 2

Base MAC	Ethernet MAC	AP Name	IP Address	Status	Last Failure Type	Last Disconnect Reason	
0062.ec06.8d10	0000.0000.0000	NA		NA	Not Joined	Dtls	NA
00be.75ba.1220	0000.0000.0000	NA		NA	Not Joined	Dtls	NA
7c0e.cea0.7680	58f3.9cc4.4864	AP58f3.9cc4.4864	192.168.16.92	Not Joined		NA	Heart beat timer expiry
84b8.021d.1c70	64f6.9d58.5d3c	2702l-sniffer	192.168.16.198	Joined	Join		Wtp reset config cmd sent
a80c.0ddb.c720	a80c.0dd2.1fa8	APa80c.0dd2.1fa8		192.168.18.52	Joined	NA	DTLS alert from AP

- Single view:
 - AP Join failures
 - Reason codes
 - AP mac/IP for debugging

AP Health

Verifying DTLS

show wireless dtls connections

AP Name	Local Port	Peer IP	Peer Port	Version	Ciphersuite
APD4E8.8019.49E0	Capwap_Ctrl	170.85.125.43	5250	DTLSv1.0	TLS_NUM_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
EDU_BR_01_00_01_1852	Capwap_Ctrl	170.85.142.18	5264	DTLSv1.0	TLS_NUM_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
EDU_BR_01_00_02_3702	Capwap_Ctrl	170.85.125.14	56998	DTLSv1.0	TLS_NUM_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
EDU_BR_01_00_03_1832	Capwap_Ctrl	170.85.145.85	5264	DTLSv1.0	TLS_NUM_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
EDU_BR_01_00_10_1832	Capwap_Ctrl	170.85.151.11	5272	DTLSv1.0	TLS_NUM_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
EDU_BR_01_00_13_3702	Capwap_Ctrl	170.85.125.20	62903	DTLSv1.0	TLS_NUM_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

- Single view:
 - Connections per AP
 - Ciphers in use
 - Source ports for NAT/PAT problems
 - Mobility will show here

AP Health

What happened

show wireless stats ap history

AP Name	Ethernet MAC	Event	Time	Recent Disconnect Time	Disconnect Reason	Disconnect Count
ap2800-r2-sw1-2-0-4	002c.c899.b9ac	Joined	05/29/19 10:49:35	NA		
ap2800-r2-sw1-2-0-4	002c.c899.b9ac	Disjoined	05/29/19 10:48:18	NA	Heart beat timer expiry	
ap2800-r2-sw1-2-0-4	002c.c899.b9ac	Joined	05/28/19 10:00:12	NA		
ap3800i-r2-sw1-te0-1	0042.68a0.ee78	Joined	05/28/19 10:00:13	NA		
ap3800i-r2-sw1-te0-2	58ac.78de.891e	Joined	05/28/19 10:00:19	NA		

- Single view:
 - Recent events per AP
 - What happened and when
 - No debug or data collection needed

AP Health

Verifying AP Plumbed Path

show ap summary

Number of APs: 1

AP Name	Slots	AP Model	Ethernet MAC	Radio MAC	Location	Country	IP Address	State
location	BE	192.168.79.249	Registered	AP4C77.6D9E.6162	3	4800	4c77.6d9e.6162	7069.5a51.4ec0 default

show platform software capwap chassis active R0

sh platform software capwap chassis active R0

Tunnel ID	AP MAC	Type	IP	Port
0x90000004	7069.5a51.4ec0	Data	192.168.79.249	5272
0xa0000001	0000.0000.0000	Mobility Data	10.48.71.113	16667

AP Health

Verifying AP Plumbed Path

show platform software capwap chassis active F0

Tunnel ID	AP MAC	Type	IP	Port	AOM ID	Status
0x90000004	7069.5a51.4ec0	Data	192.168.79.249	5272	567	Done
0xa0000001	0000.0000.0000	Mobility Data	10.48.71.113	16667	519	Done

show platform hardware chassis active qfp feature wireless capwap cpp-client summary

cpp_if_hdl	pal_if_hdl	AP MAC	Src IP	Dst IP	Dst Port	Tun Type
0X33	0XA0000001	0000.0000.0000	10.48.39.30	10.48.71.113	16667	MOBILITY
0X34	0X90000004	7069.5a51.4ec0	10.48.39.30	192.168.79.249	5272	DATA

AP Health

Verifying AP Plumbed Path

show platform hardware chassis active qfp feature wireless capwap datapath summary

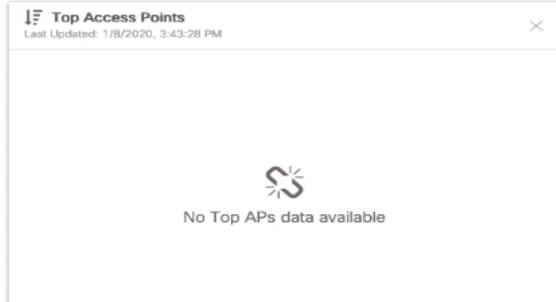
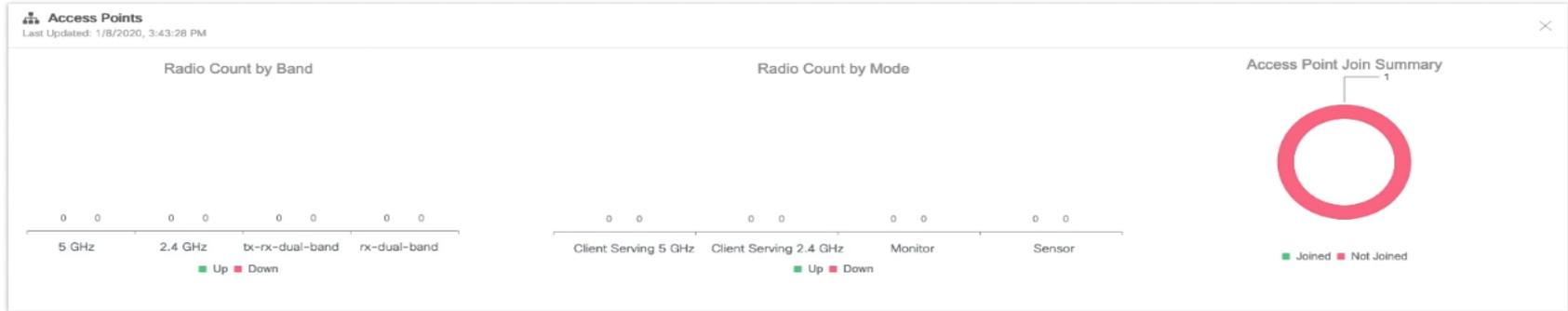
```
Vrf Src Port Dst IP      Dst Port Input Uidb Output Uidb Instance Id
```

```
-----  
0 5247 192.168.79.249 5272 65490 65484 3  
0 16667 10.48.71.113 16667 65491 65485 0
```

Troubleshooting APs the easy way



Overview

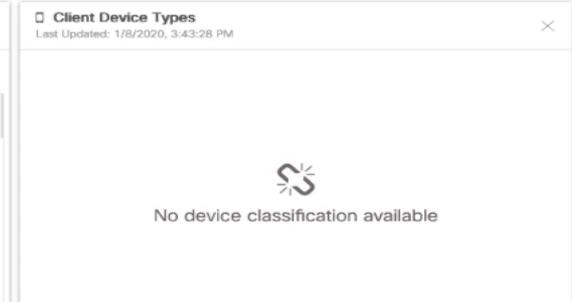


Top WLANs

Last Updated: 1/8/2020, 3:43:28 PM

Sort by: WLANs With Highe...

WLAN Name	ID	Clients	Data Usage
test	1	0	34 GB



Client Health Monitoring

The SUPER command

show wireless stats client detail

Total Number of Clients : 4
Protocol Statistics

```
-----  
Protocol                Client Count  
802.11b                  0  
802.11g                  0  
802.11a                  0  
802.11n-2.4 GHz        0  
802.11n-5 GHz          0  
802.11ac                4  
802.11ax-5 GHz         0  
802.11ax-2.4 GHz       0
```

Client Summary

```
-----  
Current Clients      : 4  
Excluded Clients     : 1  
Disabled Clients     : 0  
Foreign Clients      : 0  
Anchor Clients       : 0  
Local Clients        : 4
```

•Single view:

- Total clients connected
- Per Protocol distribution
- State Distribution : easy to spot network wide problems

Client Health Monitoring

The SUPER command (part 2)

client global statistics:

```
-----  
Total association requests received      : 22280  
Total association attempts               : 21381  
Total FT/LocalAuth requests             : 0  
Total association failures                : 1  
...  
Total AID allocation failures            : 0  
Total AID free failures                  : 0  
Total roam attempts                      : 13435  
  Total CCKM roam attempts               : 0  
  Total 11r roam attempts                 : 5454  
...  
Total add mobiles sent                   : 33024  
Total delete mobiles sent                : 16664  
...  
Total key exchange attempts              : 7414  
Total broadcast key exchange attempts    : 14298  
Total broadcast key exchange failures    : 0  
Total eapol key sent                     : 35720  
Total eapol key received                 : 27565  
...
```

•Single view:

- 98 different stats counters
- Easy to spot:
 - Frequent Bcast rotation issues
 - Frequent L2/L3 auth failures
 - Frequent IP address learning failures
- Roaming types

Client Health Monitoring

The SUPER command (part 3)

client state statistics:

Average Time in Each State (ms)

Associated State : 0
L2 State : 85
Mobility State : 2
IP Learn State : 2117
L3 Auth State : 0

Average Run State Latency (ms) : 1102

Average Run State Latency without user delay (ms) : 1061

Latency Distribution (ms)

1 - 100 : 278025
100 - 200 : 11511
200 - 300 : 5590
300 - 600 : 3519
600 - 1000 : 6546
1000+ : 41184

- Single view:

- Average time per state
- Spotting performance problems
- Variations over time

Client Health Monitoring

The SUPER command (part 4)

Webauth HTTP Statistics

```
Intercepted HTTP requests : 0
IO Read events             : 0
Received HTTP messages    : 0
```

...

Time spent in each httpd states (in msec)

	Total	Max	Min	Samples
IO Reading state	0	0	0	0
IO Writing state	0	0	0	0
IO AAA state	0	0	0	0
Method after reading	0	0	0	0

...

Webauth HTTP status counts

```
HTTP 200 OK                : 0
HTTP 201 Created           : 0
HTTP 202 Accepted          : 0
HTTP 203 Provisional Info  : 0
```

Single view:

- Webauth HTTP statistics
- Webauth HTTP response codes

Client Health Monitoring

The SUPER command (part 5)

Webauth backpressure queue counters

```
-----  
Pending SSL handshakes           : 0  
Pending HTTPS new requests       : 0  
Pending AAA replies              : 0
```

Dot1x Global Statistics

```
-----  
RxStart = 97 RxLogoff = 0  RxResp = 1095 RxRespID = 282  
RxReq = 0 RxInvalid = 0  RxLenErr = 0  
RxTotal = 1486  
TxStart = 0 TxLogoff = 0  TxResp = 0  
TxReq = 1679 ReTxReq = 362  ReTxReqFail = 64  
TxReqID = 643 ReTxReqID = 228  ReTxReqIDFail = 3  
TxTotal = 2322
```

Single view:

- Webauth queue full issues
- SSL session exhaustion
- Dot1x statistics

Client Health Monitoring

The SUPER command (part 6)

Total client delete reasons

Controller deletes

No Operation	: 0
Unknown	: 0
Session Manager	: 0
Connection timeout	: 0
Datapath plumb	: 0

....

Informational Delete Reason

Mobility WLAN down	: 0
AP upgrade	: 0
L3 authentication failure	: 0
AP down/disjoin	: 0
MAC authentication failure	: 0

.....

Single view:

- Client delete reasons categorized by
 - Controller initiated delete
 - AP initiated delete
 - Network wide problem isolation

Client Health Monitoring

The SUPER command (part 6) continued

Client initiate delete

Deauthentication or disassociation request	: 0
Client DHCP	: 0
Client EAP timeout	: 0
Client 8021x failure	: 0
Client device idle	: 0
Client captive portal security failure	: 0
...	

AP Deletes

AP initiated delete when client is sending disassociation	: 0
AP initiated delete for idle timeout	: 0
AP initiated delete for client ACL mismatch	: 0
AP initiated delete for AP auth stop	: 0
AP initiated delete for association expired at AP	: 0
AP initiated delete for 4-way handshake failed	: 0.

Single view:

- Client initiated delete reasons
- AP initiated delete reasons

Client Health

Verifying Client Plumbed Path

show wireless client summary

Number of Clients: 1

MAC Address	AP Name	Type ID	State	Protocol	Method	Role
ccc0.796d.7ca0	sudha-9115	WLAN 1	Run	11ac	None	Local

FMAN-RP view # show platform software wireless-client chassis active R0

ID	MAC Address	WLAN	Client State
0xa0000001	ccc0.796d.7ca0	1	Run

Client Health

Verifying Client Plumbed Path

FMAN-FP view **# show platform software wireless-client chassis active F0**

ID	MAC Address	WLAN	Client State	AOM ID	Status
----	-------------	------	--------------	--------	--------

0xa0000001	ccc0.796d.7ca0	1	Run	480	Done
------------	----------------	---	-----	-----	------

CPP-Client view

show platform hardware chassis active qfp feature wireless wlclient cpp-client summary

CPP IF_H	DPIDX	MAC Address	VLAN	CT	MCVL	AS	MS	E	WLAN	POA
----------	-------	-------------	------	----	------	----	----	---	------	-----

0X30	0XA0000001	ccc0.796d.7ca0	1104	RG	0	RN	LC	N	clus-dot1x	0x90000004
------	------------	----------------	------	----	---	----	----	---	------------	------------

Client Health

Verifying Client Plumbed Path

CPP Dataplane view

```
# show platform hardware chassis active qfp feature wireless wlclient datapath summary
```

```
Vlan pal_if_hdl mac Input Uidb Output Uidb
```

```
-----
```

```
1104 0xa0000001 ccc0.796d.7ca0 95954 95952
```

CPU Health

One CPU command to view Control and Data Plane

C9800-40#show processes cpu platform sorted | inc CPU|Core|Pid|wncd

CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%

Core 0: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 0%

Core 1: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 5%, five minutes: 1%

Core 2: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 0%

Core 3: CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 0%

Core 4: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%

Core 5: CPU utilization for five seconds: 18%, one minute: 2%, five minutes: 1%

Core 6: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 1%

Core 7: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 1%

Core 8: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%

Core 9: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%

Core 10: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%

Core 11: CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 1%

Core 12: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%

Core 13: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%

Core 14: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%

Core 15: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%

Pid	PPid	5Sec	1Min	5Min	Status	Size	Name
28464	27442	0%	0%	0%	S	230876	wncd_4
28068	26892	0%	0%	0%	S	232820	wncd_3
27604	26264	0%	0%	0%	S	232480	wncd_2
27131	25714	0%	0%	0%	S	232232	wncd_1
26538	25089	0%	0%	0%	S	340352	wncd_0



Memory Health

Usage Thresholds and Periodic Stats

#show platform resources

**State Acronym: H - Healthy, W - Warning, C - Critical

Resource	Usage	Max	Warning	Critical	State

RPO (ok, active)					H
Control Processor	0.49%	100%	80%	90%	H
DRAM	3689MB(11%)	31703MB	88%	93%	H
harddisk	0MB(0%)	0MB	90%	95%	H

#show processes memory platform accounting

Hourly Stats

process	callsite_ID(bytes)	max_diff_bytes	callsite_ID(calls)	max_diff_calls	tracekey	timestamp(UTC)
smand_rp_0	1478252547	2869451	1478252548	116	1#fc449c9a426b026ec2d2fd46be141029	2020-08-27 17:04
keyman_rp_0	1617978370	1634978	1617978370	4769	1#b562f2fb8268b9d2026fca73e3894925	2020-08-04 21:51
nginx_rp_0	1615492096	1048576	1615492097	201	1#7f3039c9ee2986658bab6fcd69068dbd	2020-08-27 20:38

Memory Health

Per process usage sorted highest to lowest

#show processes memory platform sorted

System memory: 32464768K total, 3777808K used, 28686960K free,
Lowest: 28660184K

Pid	Text	Data	Stack	Dynamic	RSS	Name
10927	342655	1288060	136	364	1288060	linux_iosd-imag
26538	850	340736	136	8944	340736	wncd_0
25701	147	295724	3952	6044	295724	wncmgrd
1884	253	240256	136	41772	240256	dbm
28068	850	233224	136	8620	233224	wncd_3
27604	850	232904	136	8620	232904	wncd_2
27131	850	232560	136	8620	232560	wncd_1
24961	15020	231420	136	30144	231420	fman_fp_image
28464	850	231320	136	8620	231320	wncd_4
27112	94	188496	136	35956	188496	cpp_cp_svr
5449	83	167564	136	3148	167564	pubd
2171	63	165992	136	116	165992	cli_agent
28806	63	162212	136	4012	162212	rrm
29386	61	153400	136	3256	153400	rogued
31206	178	147692	136	5256	147692	sessmgrd
30069	928	146180	136	3172	146180	nmspd
.....						

Data Plane Health

Overall Utilization

#show platform hardware chassis active qfp datapath utilization

CPP 0: Subdev 0	5 secs	1 min	5 min	60 min
Input: Priority (pps)	2	2	2	2
(bps)	1184	2480	2704	2720
Non-Priority (pps)	18	14	15	16
(bps)	11832	11304	12688	14632
Total (pps)	20	16	17	18
(bps)	13016	13784	15392	17352
Output: Priority (pps)	0	0	0	0
(bps)	0	0	0	0
Non-Priority (pps)	17	7	8	9
(bps)	19712	14256	15024	30480
Total (pps)	17	7	8	9
(bps)	19712	14256	15024	30480
Processing: Load (pct)	0	0	0	0

Data Plane Health

Global Drop Statistics

#show platform hardware chassis active qfp statistics drop all | inc Global | Wls

Global Drop Stats	Packets	Octets	
PuntGlobalPolicerDrops		0	0
SdwanGlobalDrop		0	0
WlsCapwapError	117162	10562887	
WlsCapwapFragmentationErr		0	0
WlsCapwapNoUidb		0	0
WlsCapwapReassAllocErr		0	0
WlsCapwapReassFragConsume	1083	1483710	
WlsCapwapReassFragDrop	0	0	
WlsClientError	1	94	
WlsClientFNFV9Err		0	0
WlsClientFNFV9Report		0	0
WlsDtlsProcessingError		0	0

Data Plane Health

Access Point Drop Statistics

#show platform hardware chassis active qfp feature wireless capwap datapath statistics drop all

Drop Cause	Packets	Octets		
Wls Capwap unsupported link type Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap invalid tunnel Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap input config missing Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap invalid TPID Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap ingress parsing Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap ipv4 tunnel not found Error	99	27205		
Wls Capwap ipv6 tunnel not found Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap tunnel header add Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap mobility tunnel header add Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap ingress dot3 ingress processing Error		0	0	
Wls Capwap tunnel ingress insufficient packet data		0	0	
Wls Capwap tunnel ingress capwap hlen Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap ingress fragment capwap payload length Error		0	0	
Wls Capwap ingress non-frag capwap payload length Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap ingress dot11_4 snap header len Error		0	0	
Wls Capwap ingress dot11_4 Invalid SNAP header		0	0	
Wls Capwap ingress dot11 ingress dot11_fc Error		0	0	
Wls Capwap ingress dot11 ingress processing Error		0	0	
Wls Capwap invalid DTLS header length Error	0	0		
Wls Capwap invalid Capwap header type Error	0	0		

Data Plane Health

Client Drop Statistics

show platform hardware chassis active qfp feature wireless wlclient datapath statistics drop all

Drop Cause	Packets	Octets
Wls Client V6 Max Address Error	0	0
Wls Client IPGlean Counter Index Error	0	0
Wls Client IPGlean Counter Unchanged Error	0	0
Wls Client IPGlean alloc no memory Error	0	0
Wls Client iplearn l2 punt data packet skip	0	0
Wls Client iplearn v4 punt data packet skip	0	0
Wls Client iplearn v6 punt data packet skip	0	0
Wls Client Guest Foreign Multicast error	0	0
Wls Client FQDN filter error	0	0
Wls Client IPSG v4 Ingress drop	0	0
Wls Client IPSG v6 Invalid address drop	1	94
Wls Client IPSG V6 entry already present error	0	0
Wls Client P2P blocking drop	0	0
Wls Client iPSK P2P Tag Mismatch	0	0
Wls Client Egress avc l2 fwd Error	0	0
Wls Client Egress avc iv4 fwd Error	0	0
Wls Client Egress avc iv6 fwd Error	0	0
Wls Client block mgmt over wireless Error	0	0
Wls Client block mgmt over wireless routed Error	0	0
Wls Client MDNS Packet Drop	0	0

Data Plane Health

Punt to Control Plane

show platform hardware chassis active qfp feature wireless punt statistics

CPP Wireless Punt stats:

App Tag		Packet Count
-----		-----
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_DOT11_PROBE_REQ	1253880	
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_DOT11_MGMT	4	
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_DOT11_IAPP		792082
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_DOT11_RFID		194627
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_DOT11_RRM	0	
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_DOT11_DOT1X	0	
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_CAPWAP_KEEPALIVE	246811	
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_MOBILITY_KEEPALIVE	215591	
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_CAPWAP_CNTRL	982084	
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_CAPWAP_DATA	8	
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_CAPWAP_DATA_PAT		38
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_MOBILITY_CNTRL	68585	
WLS_SMD_WEBAUTH	0	
SISF_PKT_TYPE_ARP	45	
SISF_PKT_TYPE_DHCP	5	
SISF_PKT_TYPE_DHCP6	0	
SISF_PKT_TYPE_IPV6_ND	12	
SISF_PKT_TYPE_DATA_GLEAN		0
SISF_PKT_TYPE_DATA_GLEAN_V6	0	
SISF_PKT_TYPE_DHCP_RELAY		5
WLCLIENT_PKT_TYPE_MDNS		3012
CAPWAP_PKT_TYPE_CAPWAP_RESERVED		0

Conclusion

Troubleshooting recap

Step 1 : Health Monitoring

show wireless stats trace-on-failure

show logging trace-on-failure summary / show logging profile wireless trace-on-failure

show wireless stats ap join summary

show wireless stats ap history

show wireless stats client detail



Troubleshooting recap

Step 2 : Basic logging

show log

```
Dec 18 13:38:18.228: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Capwap1, changed state to down
Dec 18 13:38:18.205: %CAPWAPAC_SMGR_TRACE_MESSAGE-3-EWLC_GEN_ERR: Chassis 1 R0/0: wncd: Error in Session-
IP: 192.168.16.134[5264] Mac: 7069.5a51.46e0 Heartbeat timer expiry for AP. Close CAPWAP DTLS session
Dec 18 13:38:18.231: %CAPWAPAC_SMGR_TRACE_MESSAGE-5-AP_JOIN_DISJOIN: Chassis 1 R0/0: wncd: AP Event: AP
Name: 4802paolo, MAC: 4c77.6d9e.60e4 Disjoined
Dec 21 06:19:45.425: %HTTP-4-SERVER_CONN_RATE_EXCEED: Number of connections per minute has exceeded the
maximum limit(500)as specified by the platform.
..Dec 21 06:20:00.748: %HTTP-4-SERVER_CONN_RATE_EXCEED: Number of connections per minute has exceeded the
maximum limit(500)as specified by the platform.
.Dec 21 06:20:00.785: %HTTP-4-SERVER_CONN_RATE_EXCEED: Number of connections per minute has exceeded the
maximum limit(500)as specified by the platform.
.Dec 21 06:20:15.616: %HTTP-4-SERVER_CONN_RATE_EXCEED: Number of connections per minute has exceeded the
maximum limit(500)as specified by the platform.
```

Troubleshooting recap

Step 3 : Pull always on data for a client/AP

show logging profile wireless filter-mac <mac> to-file <filename> start last <minutes>

- Notice level data
- Logs will be rotated every 24/48h or more depending on platform and load

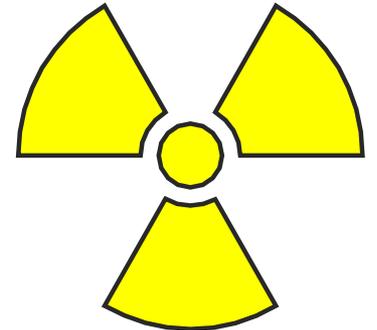


Troubleshooting recap

Step 4 : More information needed? RA Traces

```
# debug wireless mac aaaa.bbbb.cccc monitor-time 10
```

Use the Web UI for it !



Troubleshooting recap

Step 5: Packet view needed? EPC

monitor capture....FILENAME.pcap



Conclusion : troubleshooting recap

Step 5 : TAC case

- RA-trace output (internal level, while we're at it) or `show logging profile wireless` of always-on output filtered for the problematic mac or timestamp
- Relevant show techs (at least `show tech + show tech wireless`)
- Your observations from “`show logging`” or “`show logging trace-on-failure summary`” (timestamps, affected macs)
- Core dump files from the web UI troubleshooting page (if the problem is a crash)



Thank you

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